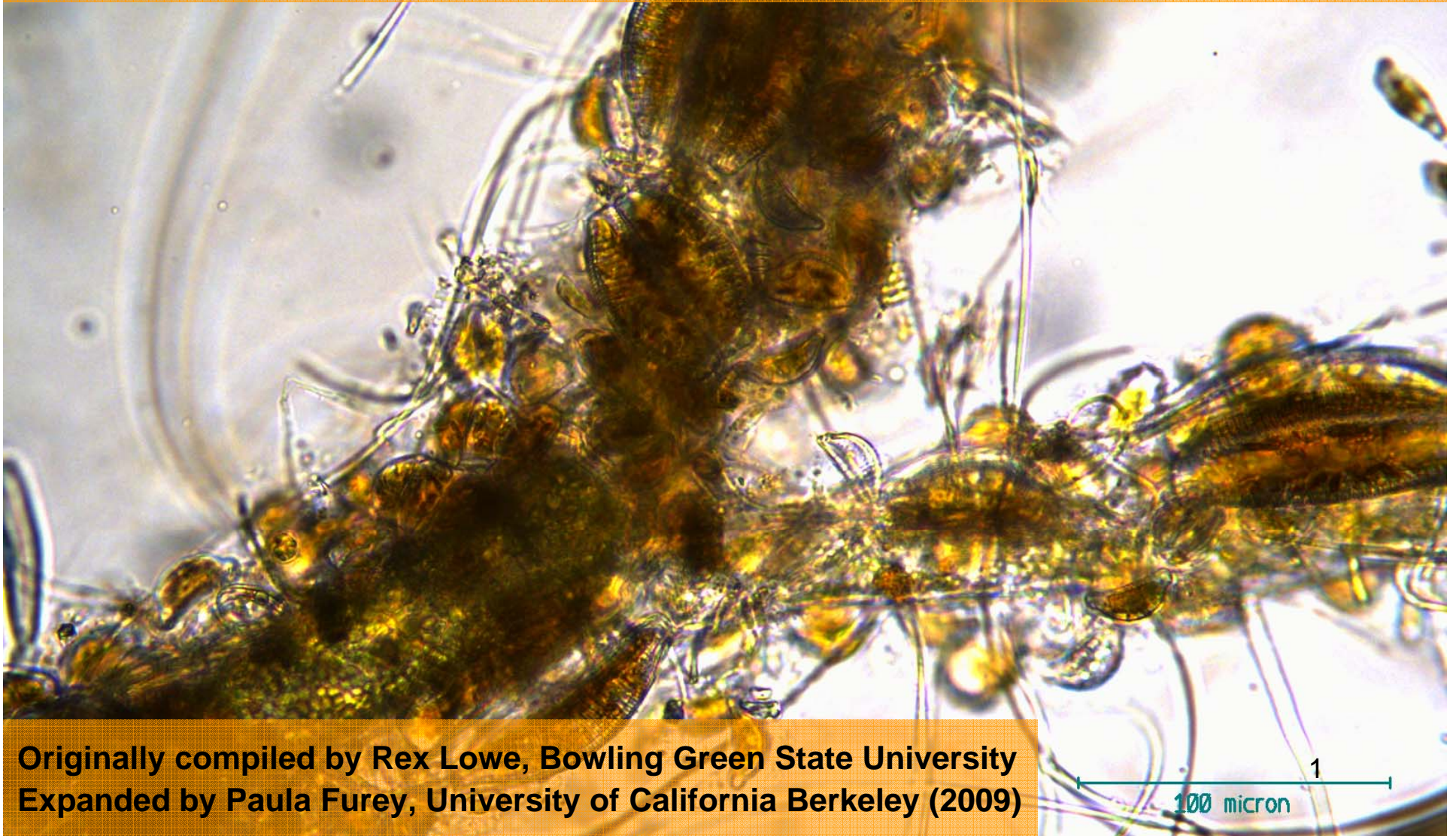
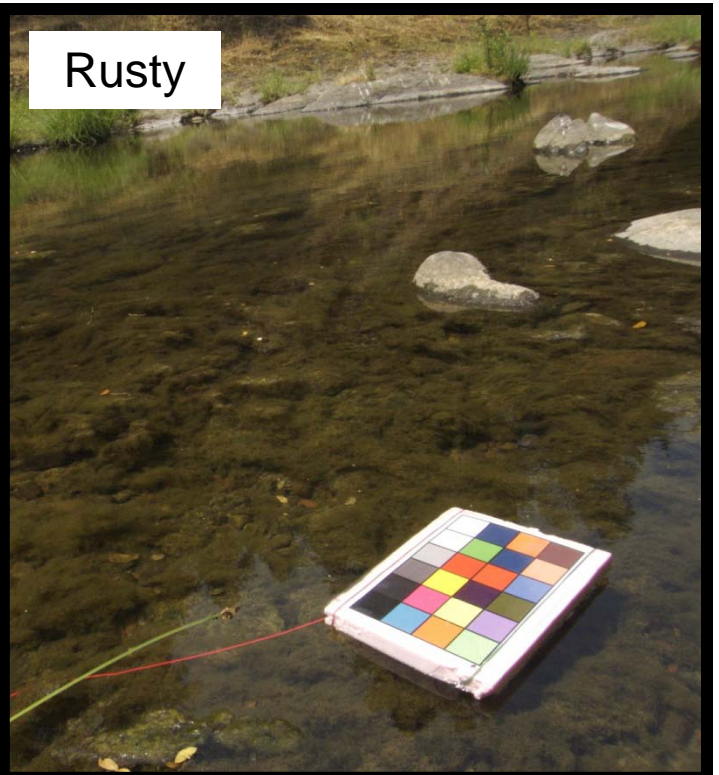
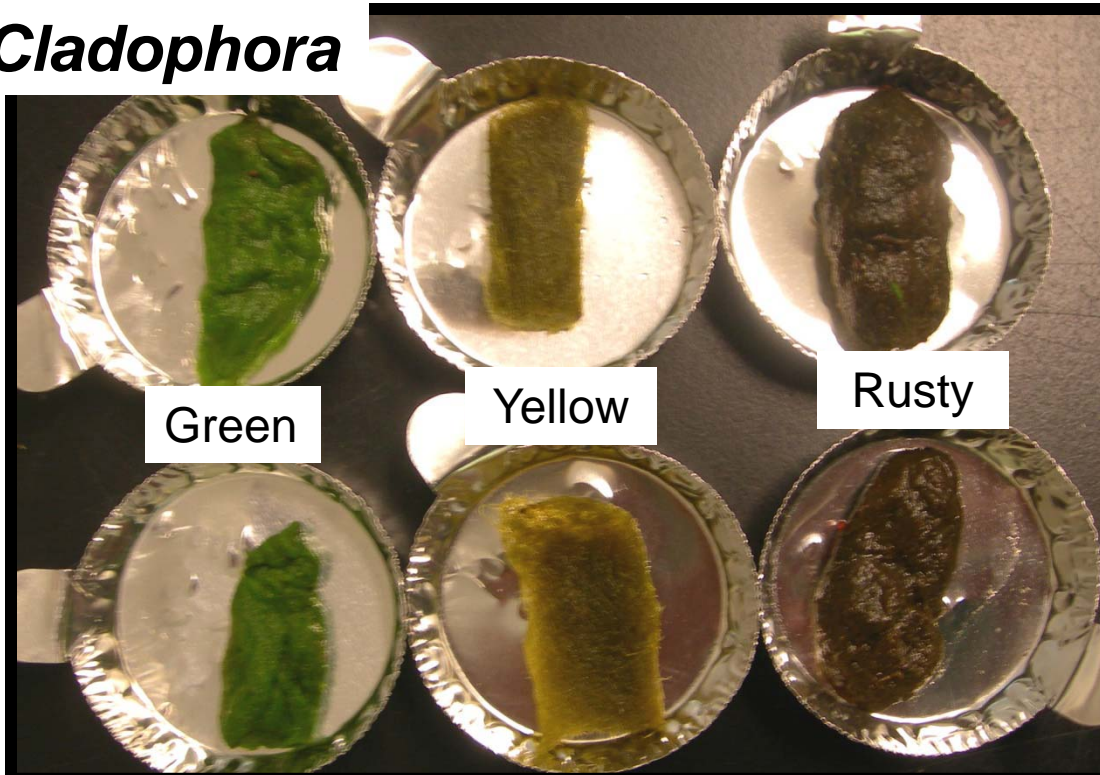


A picture guide to algae in the Eel River watershed



Originally compiled by Rex Lowe, Bowling Green State University
Expanded by Paula Furey, University of California Berkeley (2009)

Cladophora



Cladophora showing chloroplasts

Cladophora with few epiphytes: “green” in the field

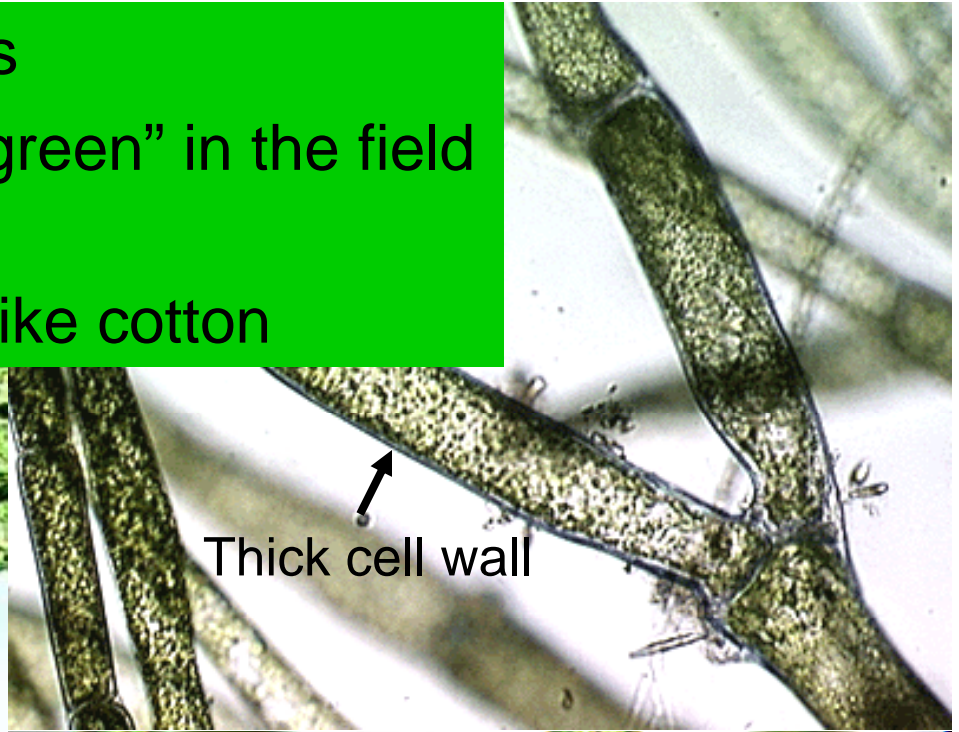
Cladophora feels rough, and
when you squeeze it, it looks like cotton

Slightly
irregularly
shaped cells

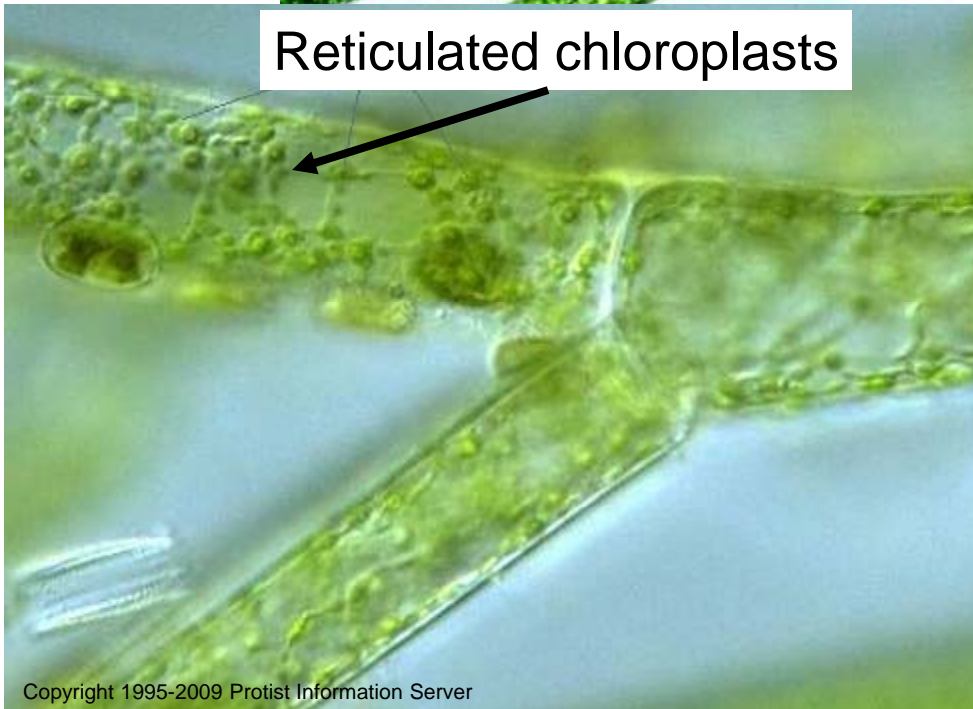


pkukmweb.ukm.my/.../kkripto_files/image249.jpg

Thick cell wall

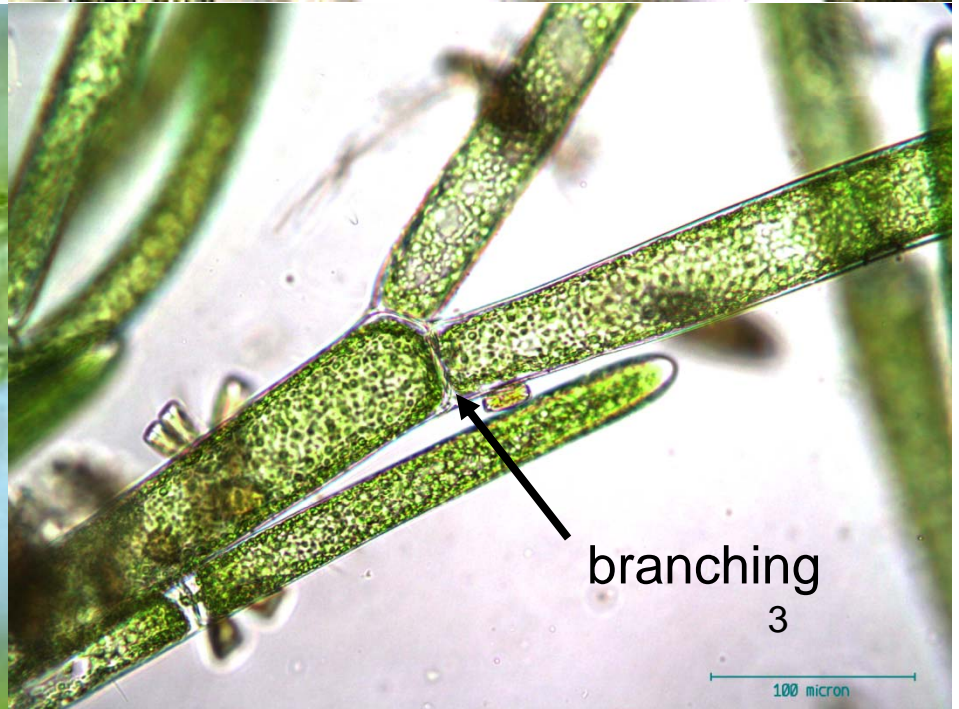


Reticulated chloroplasts



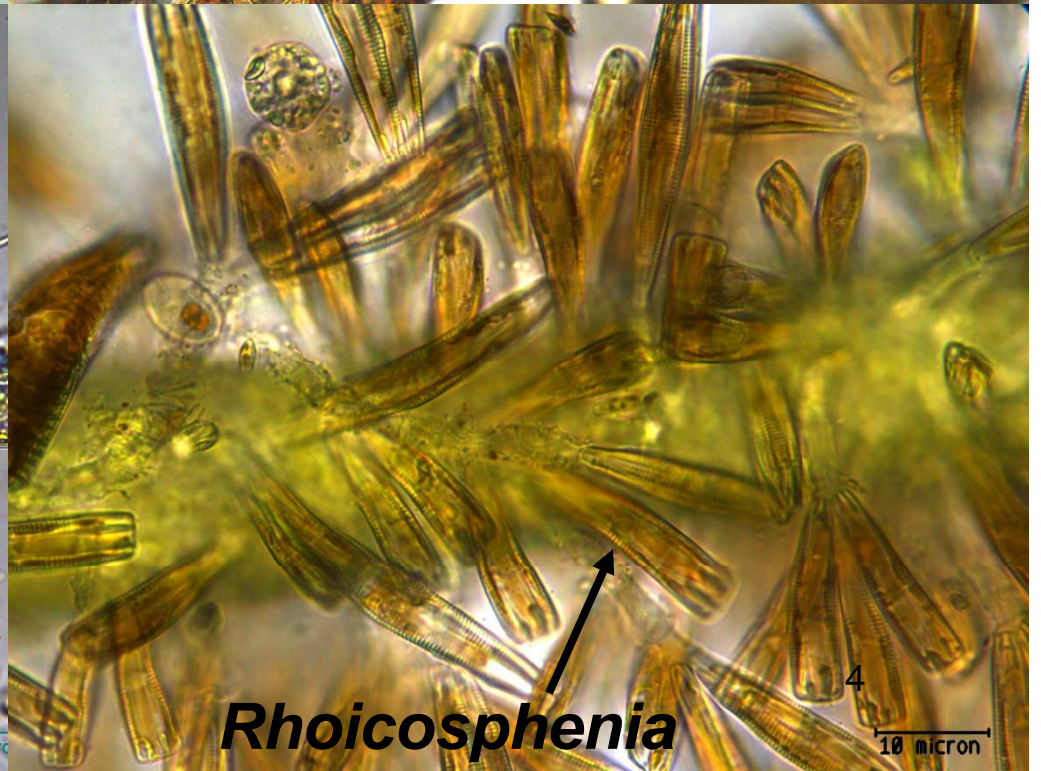
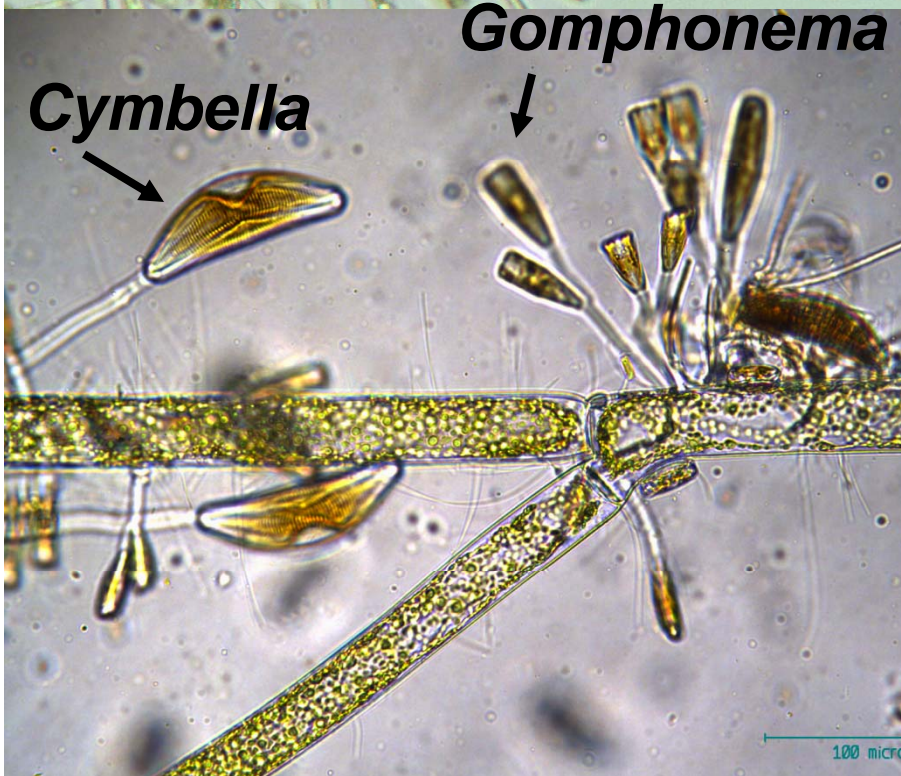
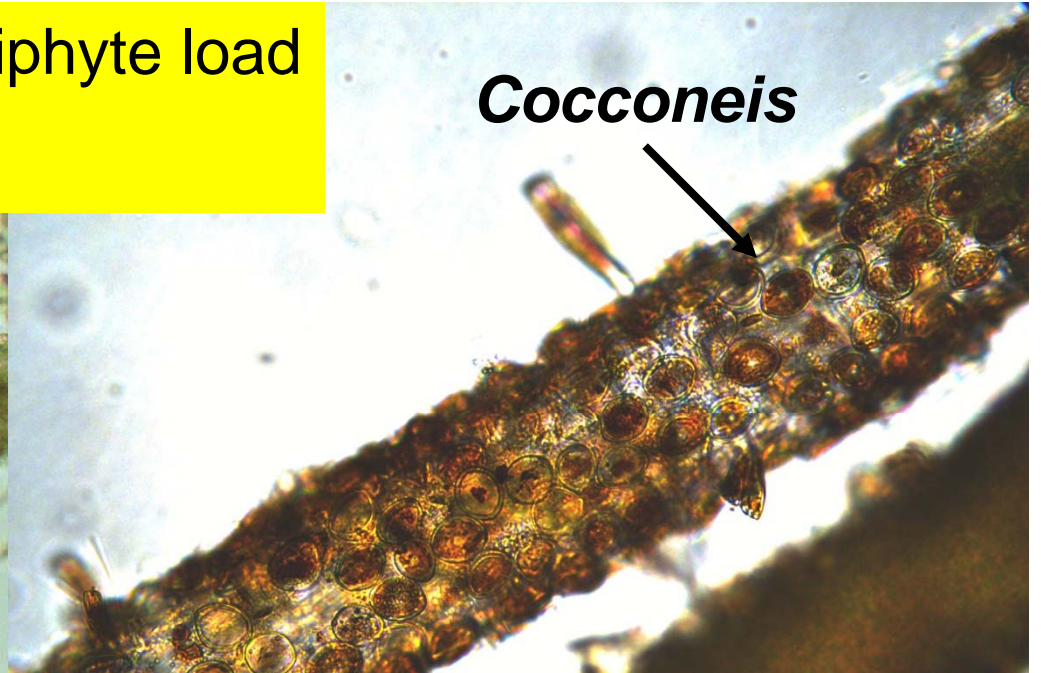
branching

3



100 micron

***Cladophora* with moderate epiphyte load**
Often "Yellow" in the field



***Cladophora* with heavy epiphyte load**

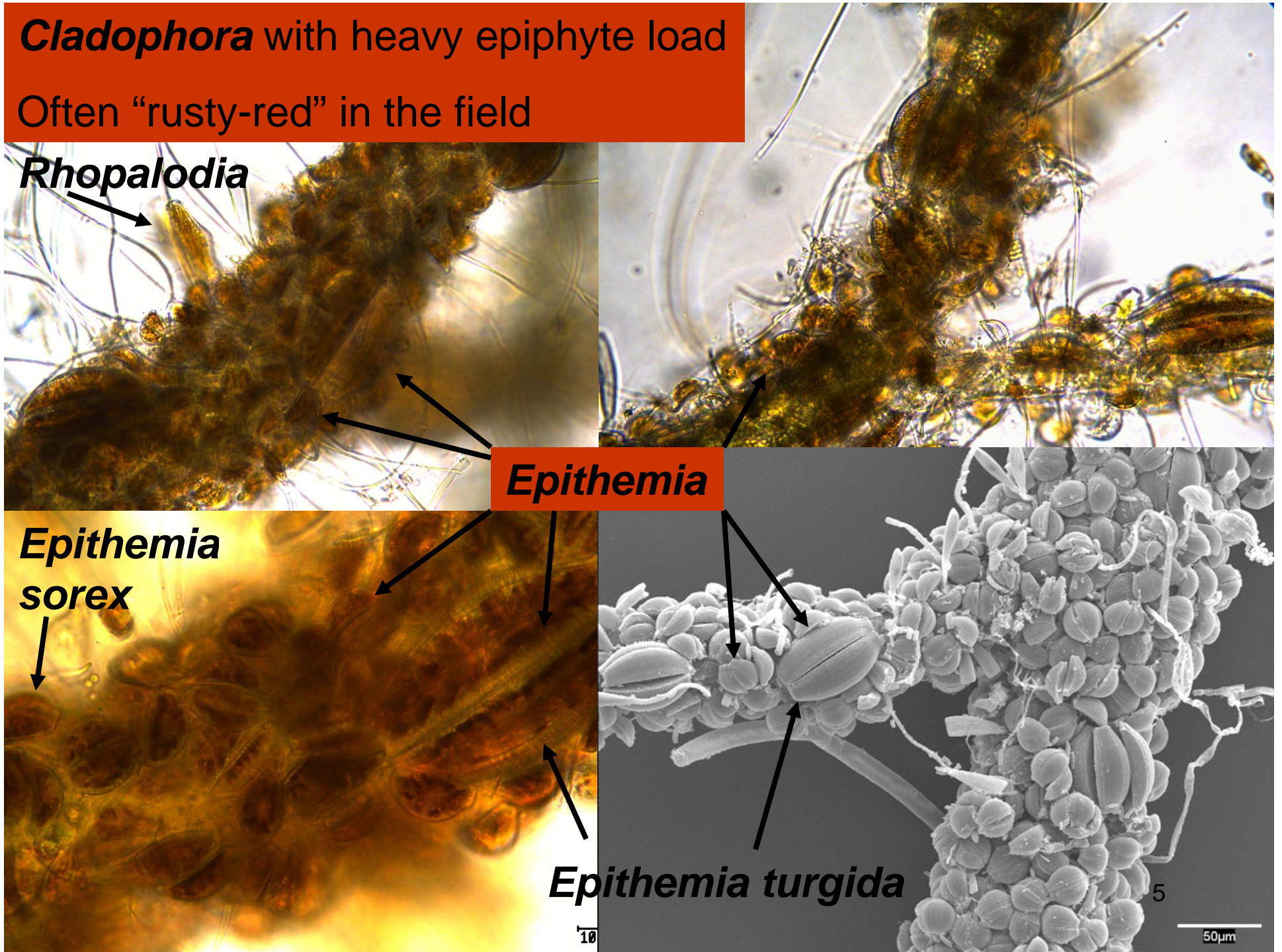
Often “rusty-red” in the field

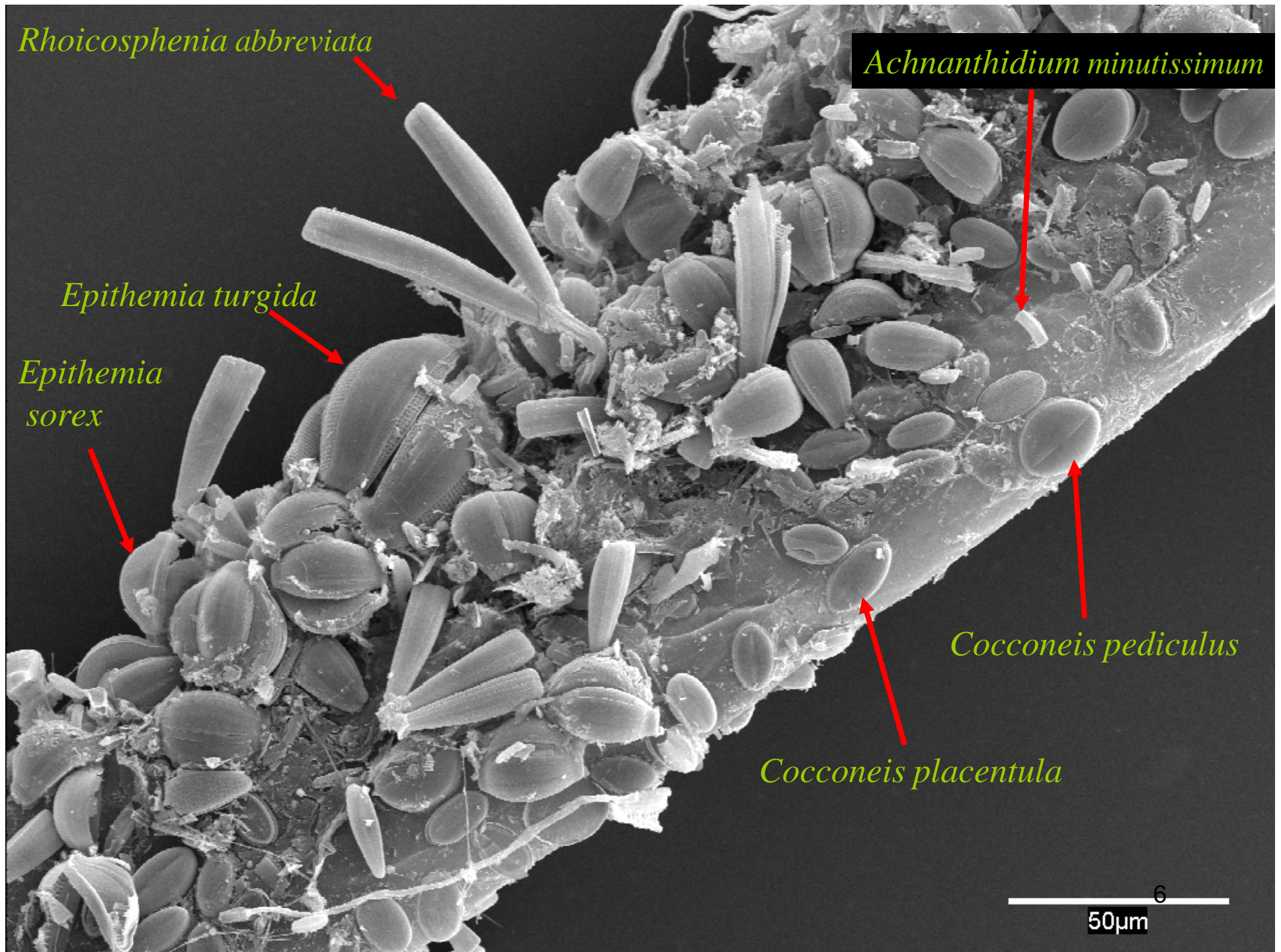
Rhopalodia

Epithemia

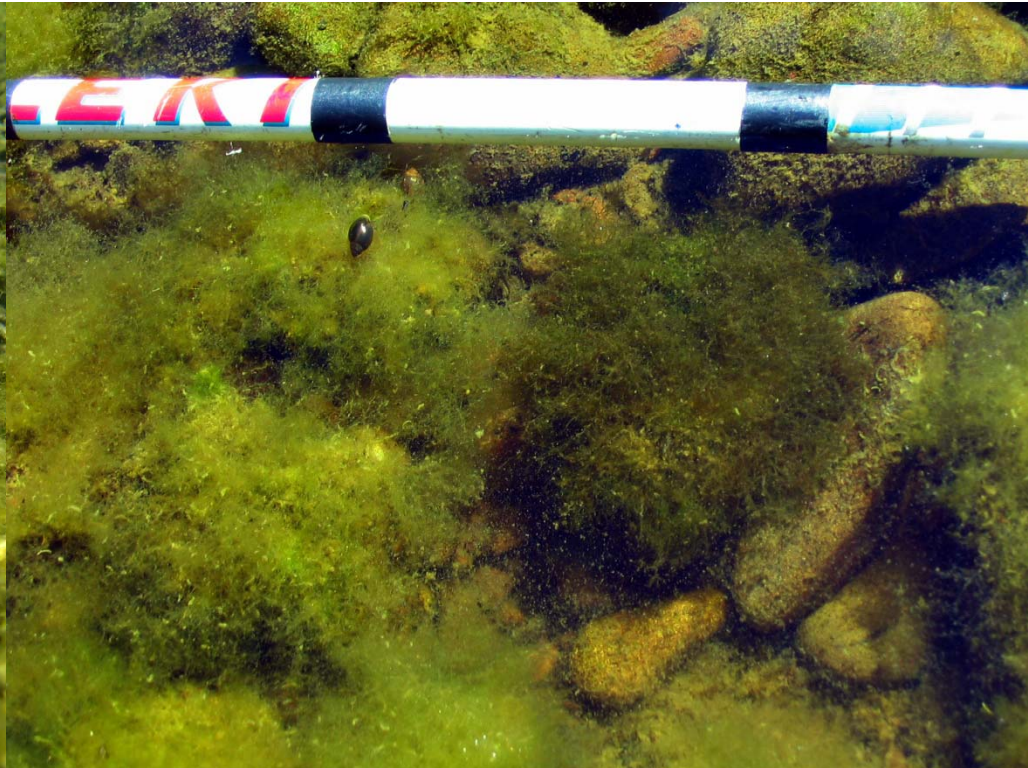
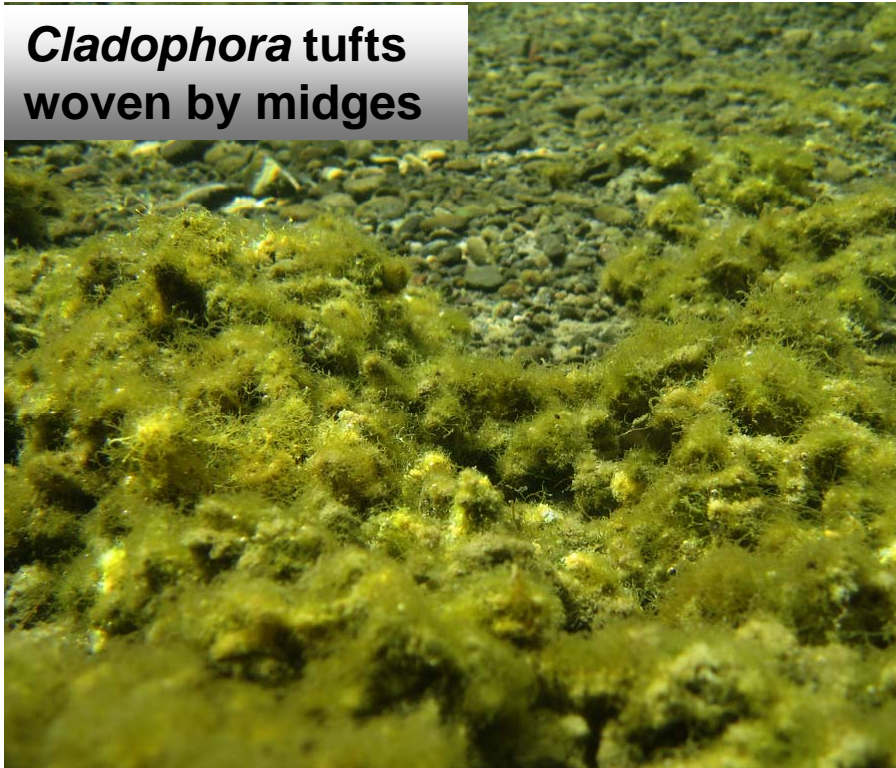
***Epithemia
sorex***

Epithemia turgida

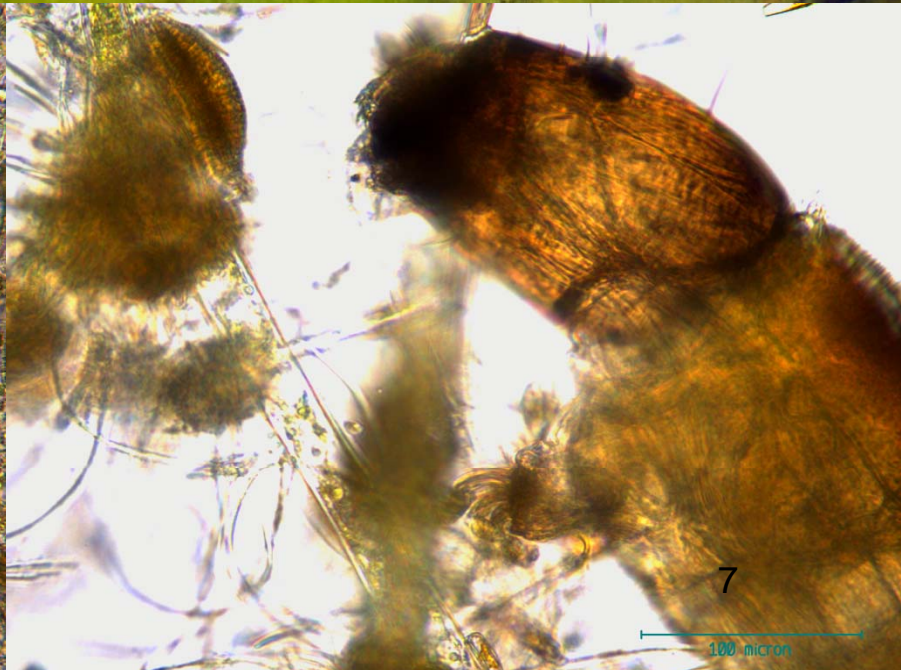




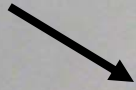
Cladophora tufts woven by midges



Midge gut contents



Vorticella (not algae)



Cocconeis

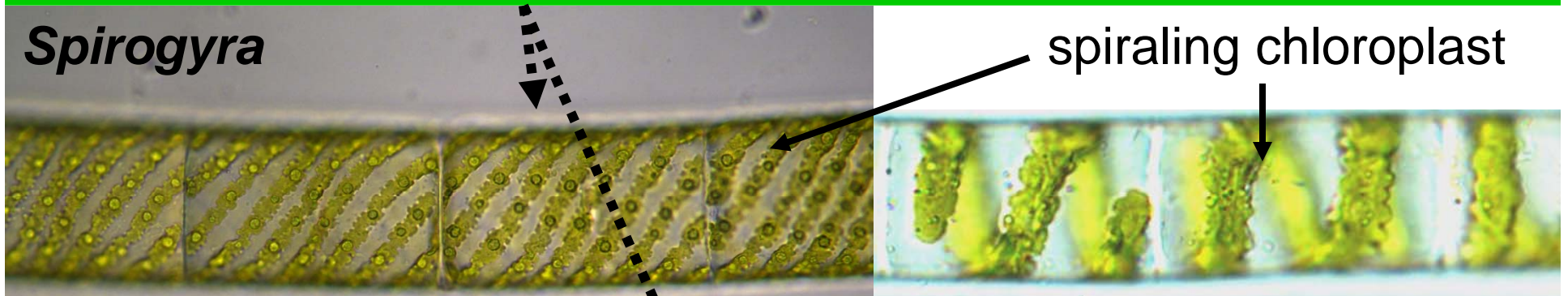


8
100 micron

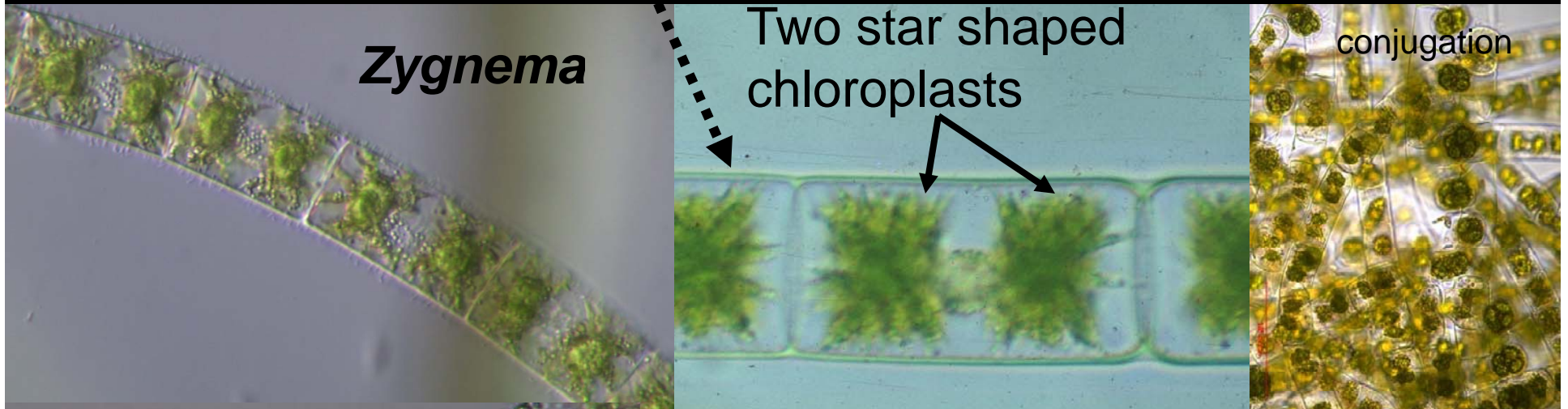


Filamentous, green algal spp (Chlorophyta):
These genera have mucilaginous sheaths: "slimy" to touch

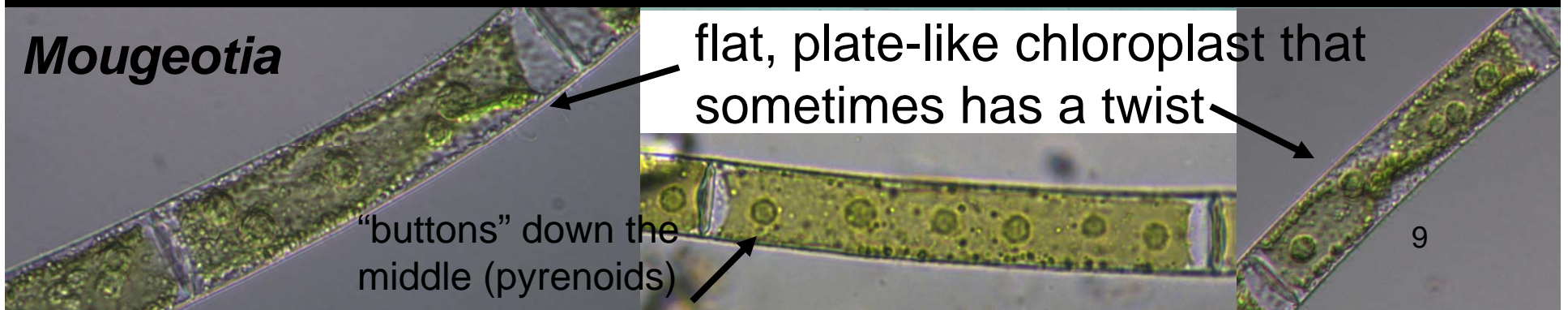
Spirogyra



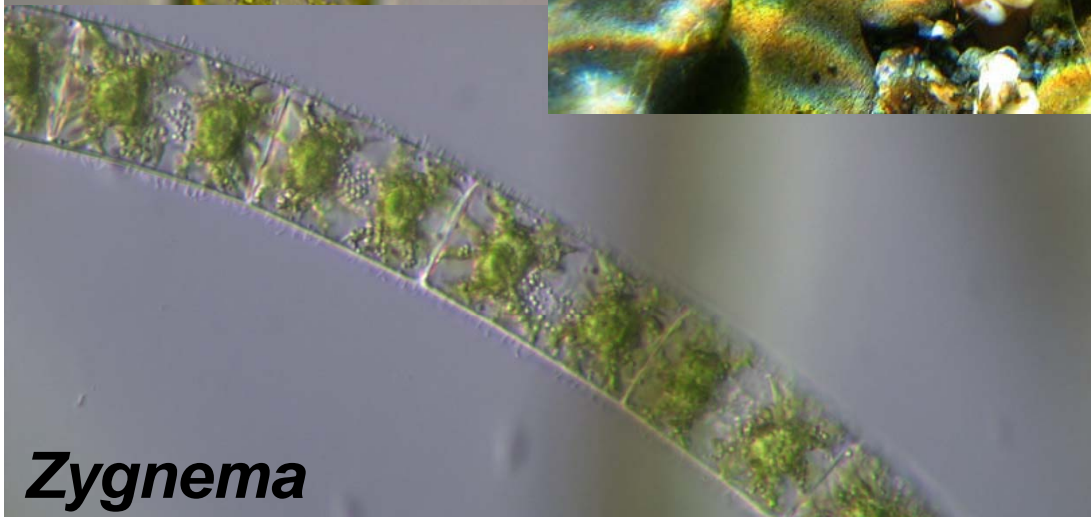
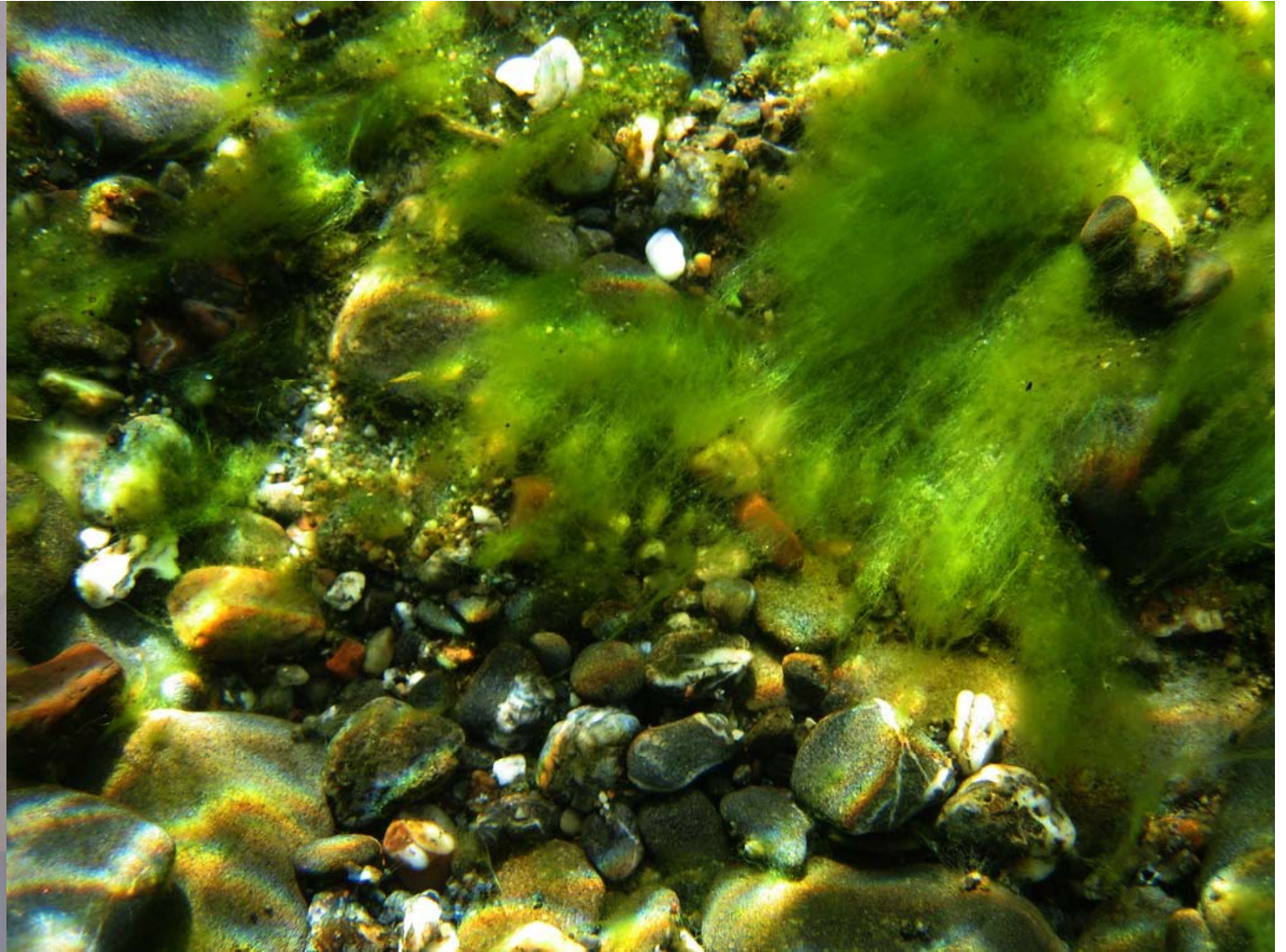
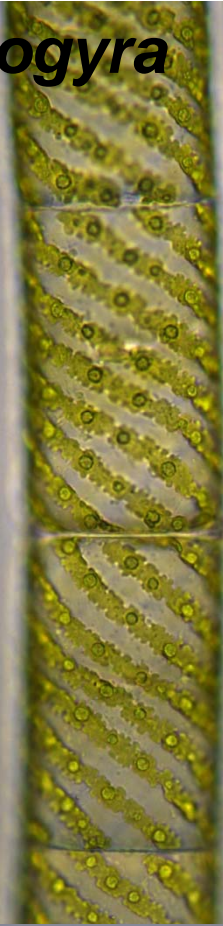
Zygnema



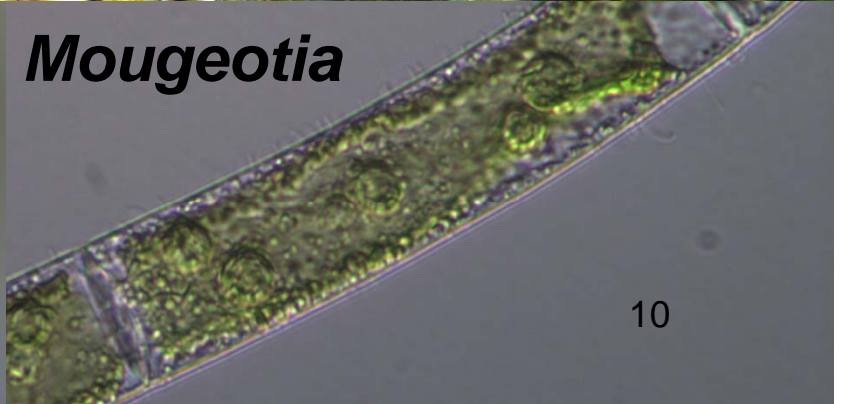
Mougeotia



Spirogyra



Zygnema



Mougeotia

More filamentous greens

Oedogonium

Look for
“apical caps” or
‘growth rings’ on some cells

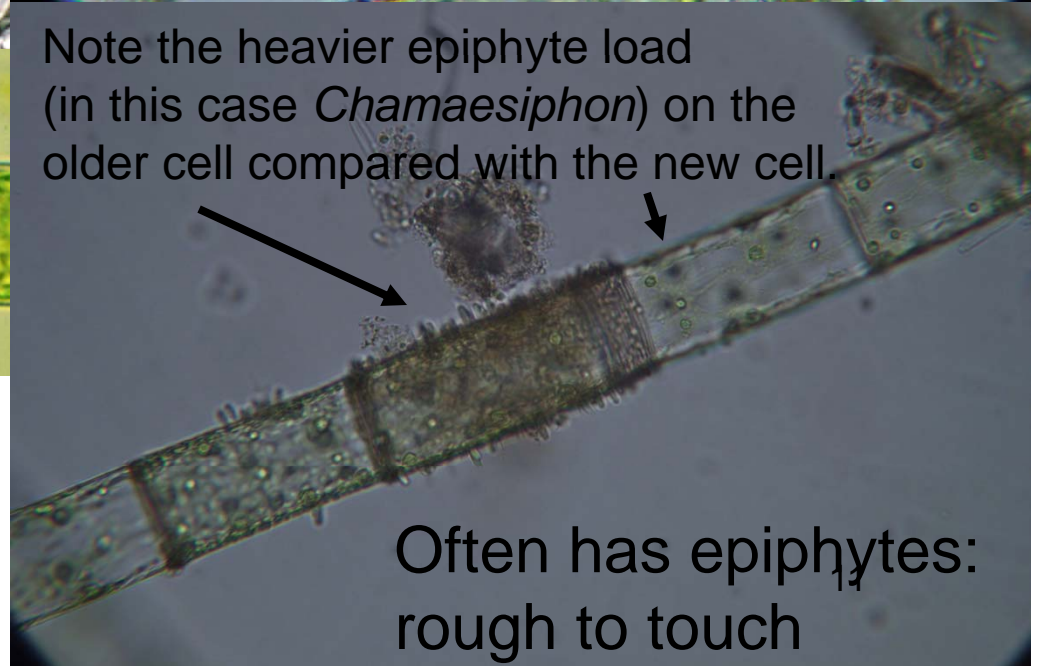


Cells often slightly irregular in shape



Asexual zoospores

Note the heavier epiphyte load
(in this case *Chamaesiphon*) on the
older cell compared with the new cell.



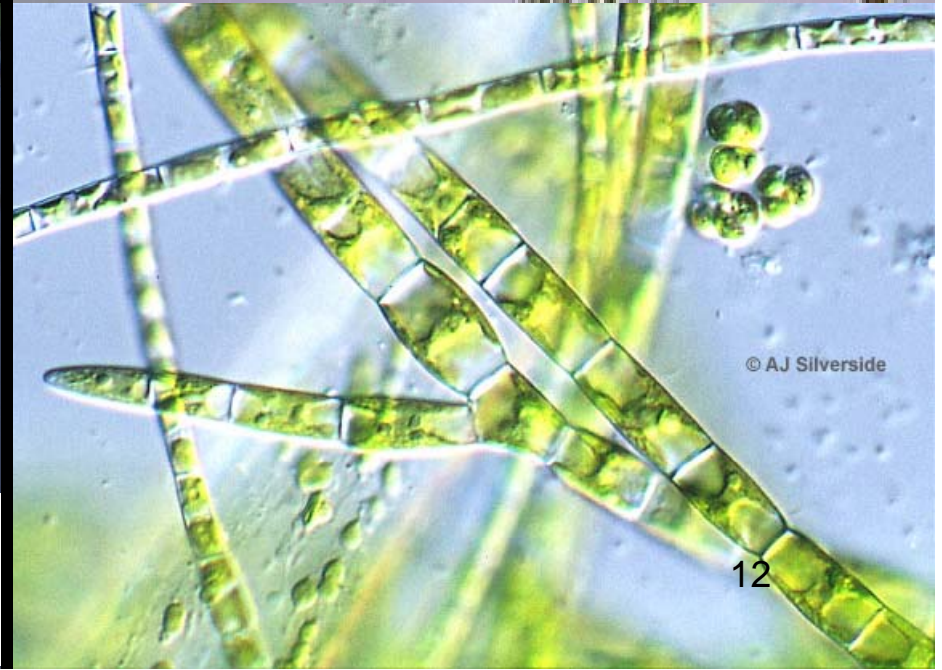
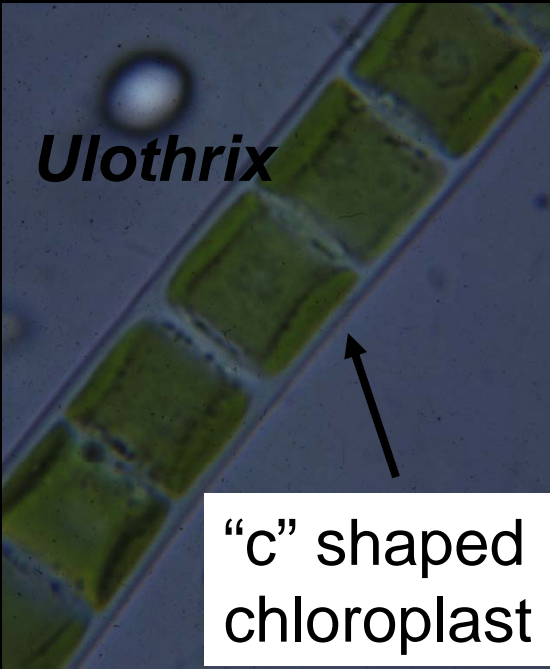
Often has epiphytes:
rough to touch

Other filamentous greens

Bulbochaetae



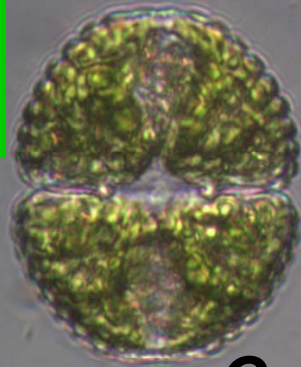
Stigeoclonium



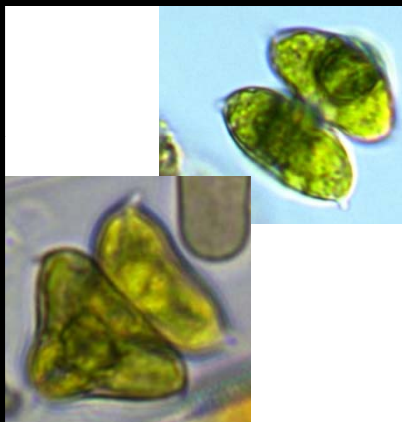
**Non-filamentous
greens - Desmids**



Pleurotaenium



Cosmarium



Staurastrum



Spirotaenia



Closterium

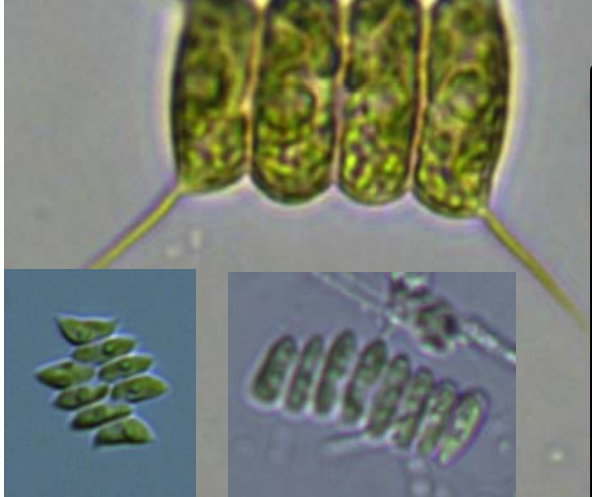
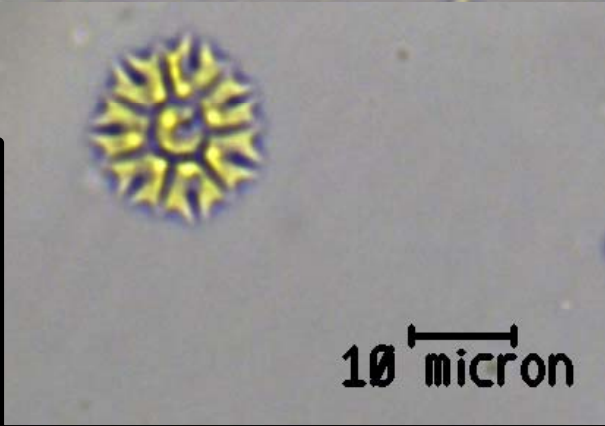
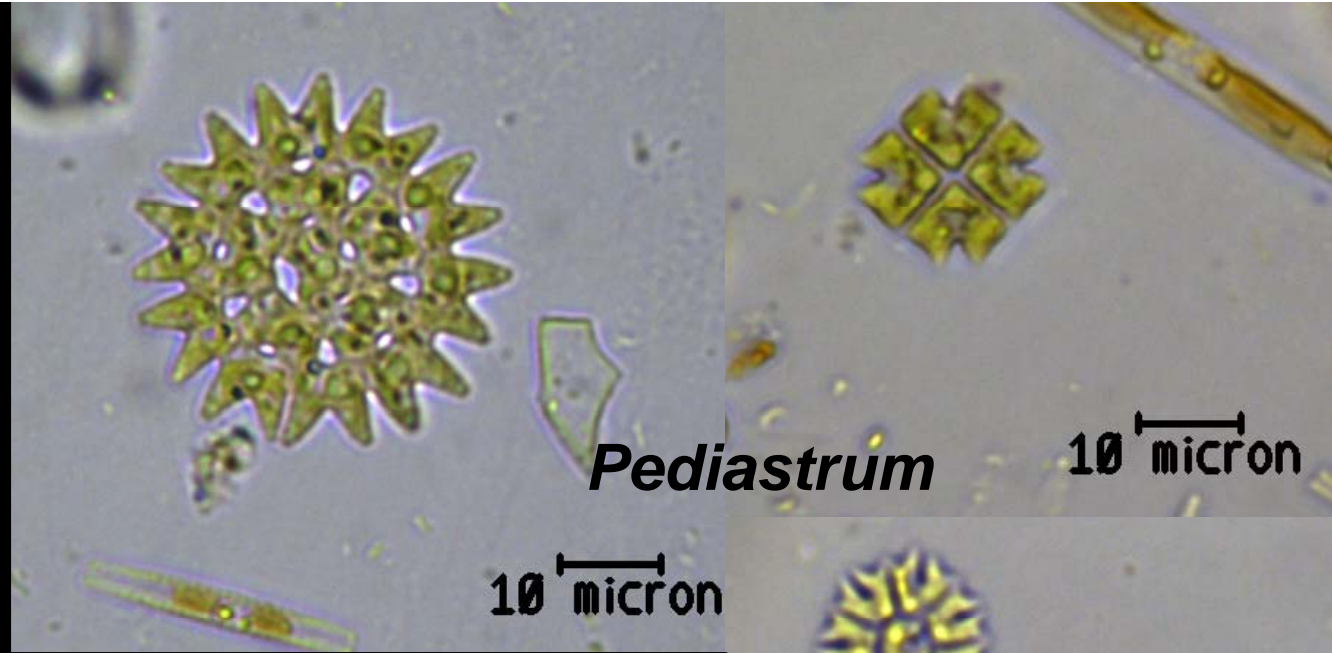


Micrasterias



Desmidium

Non-filamentous greens



Other greens

Volvox

Daughter colonies

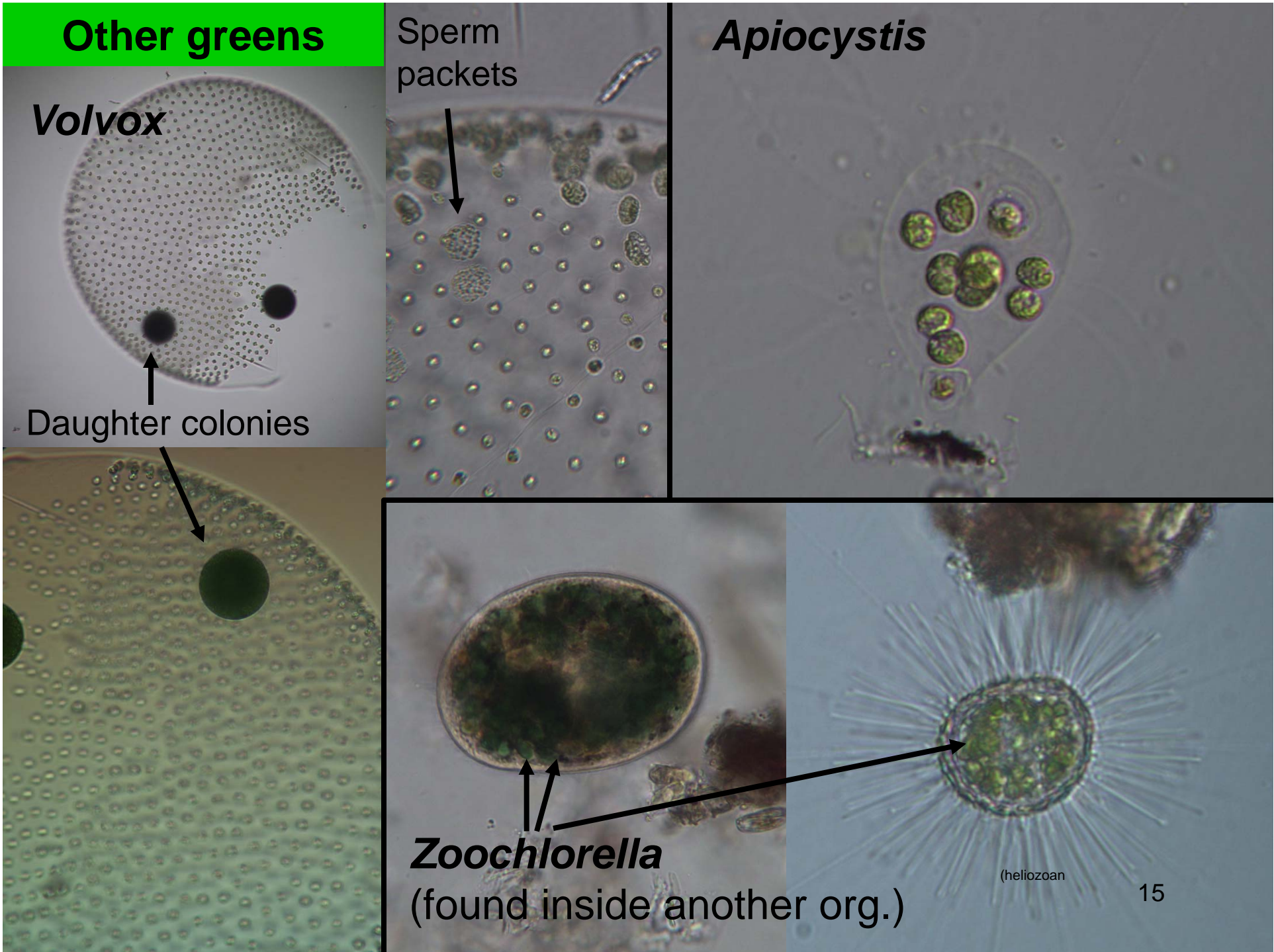
Sperm packets

Apicocystis

Zoochlorella

(found inside another org.)

(heliozoan)



**Other
green algae**

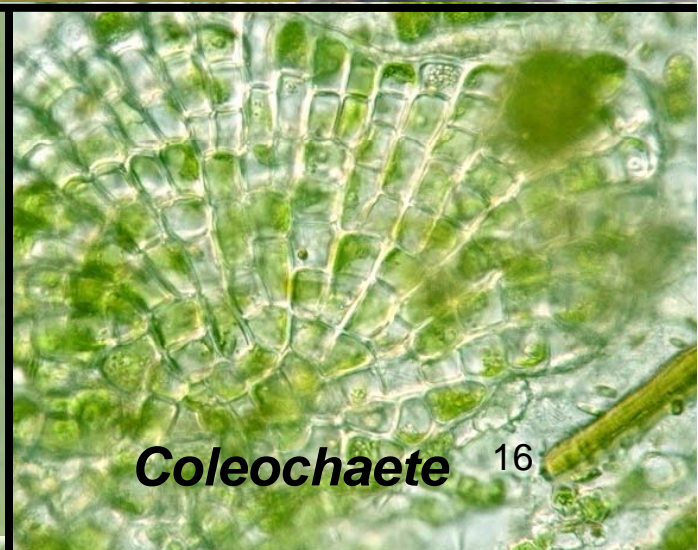
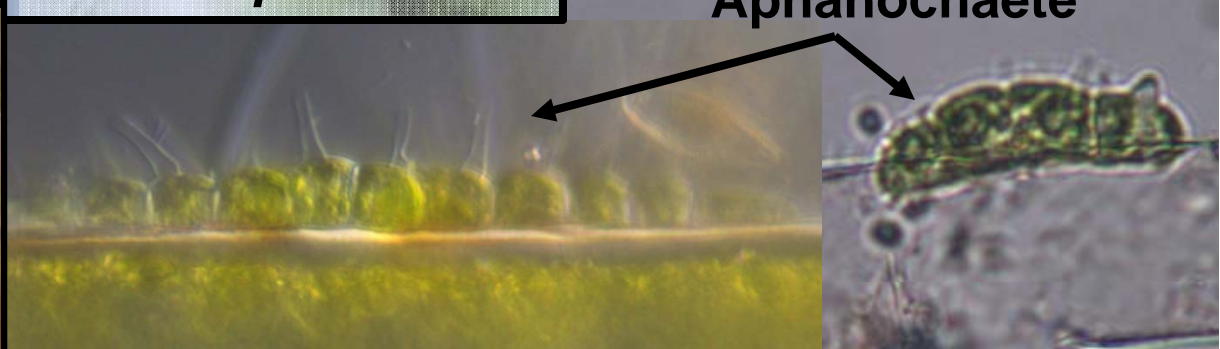
Pandorina



Chaetosphaeridium

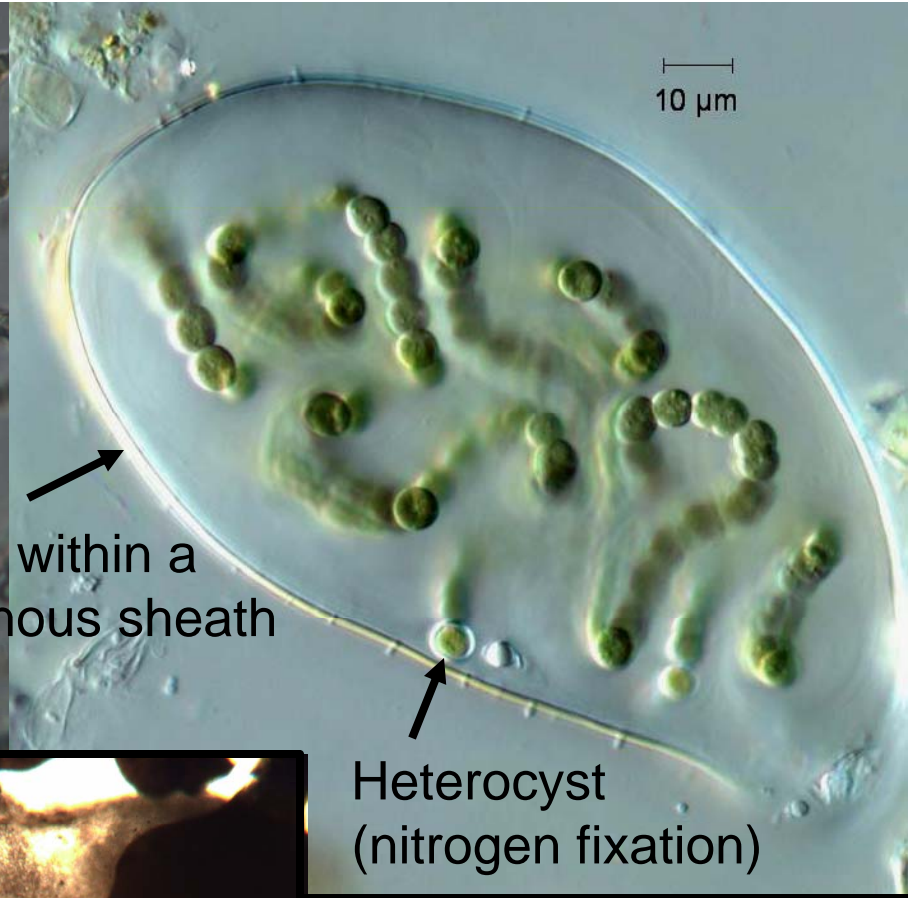
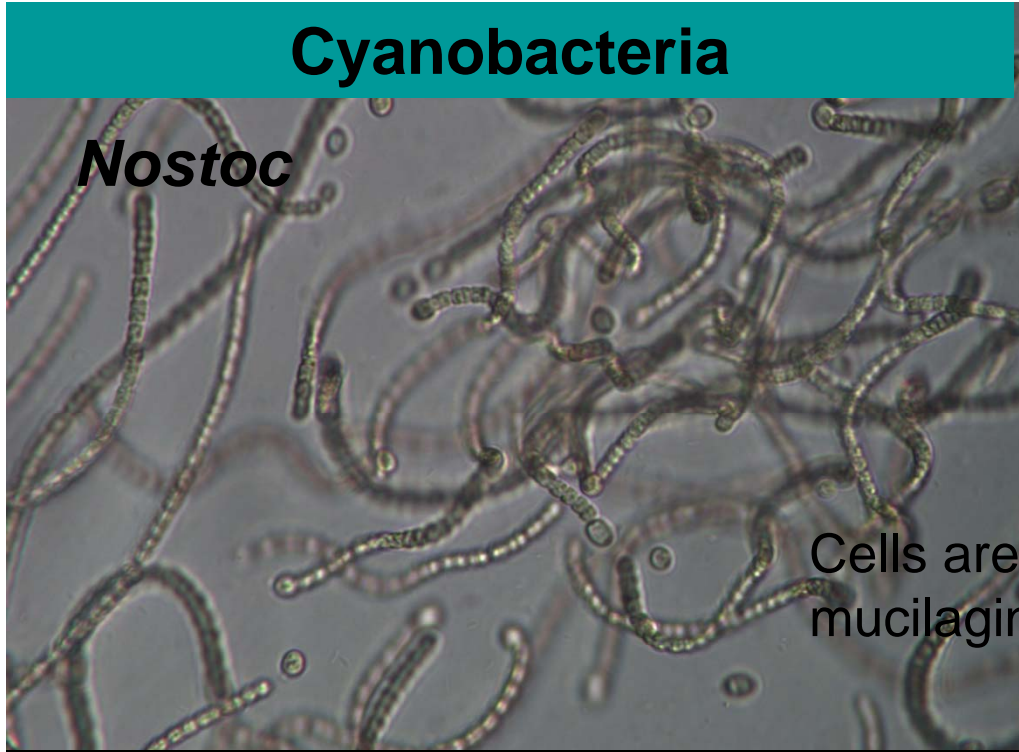


Gloeocystis



Cyanobacteria

Nostoc

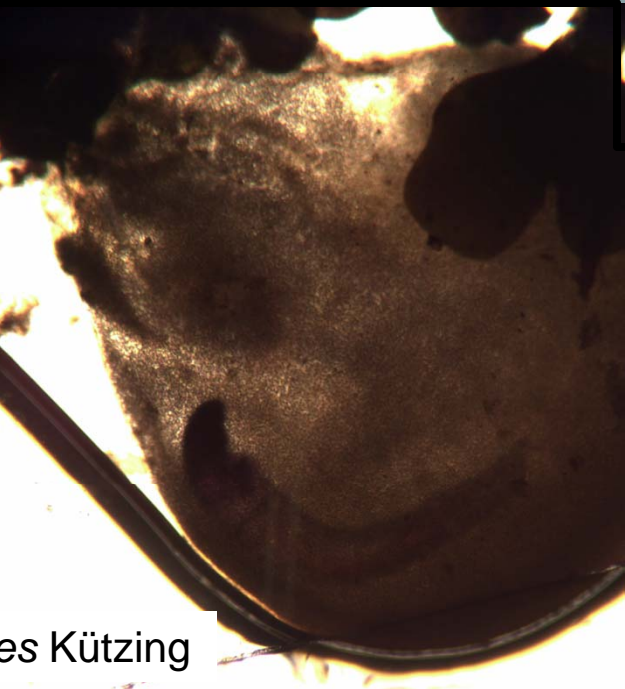


Cells are within a mucilaginous sheath

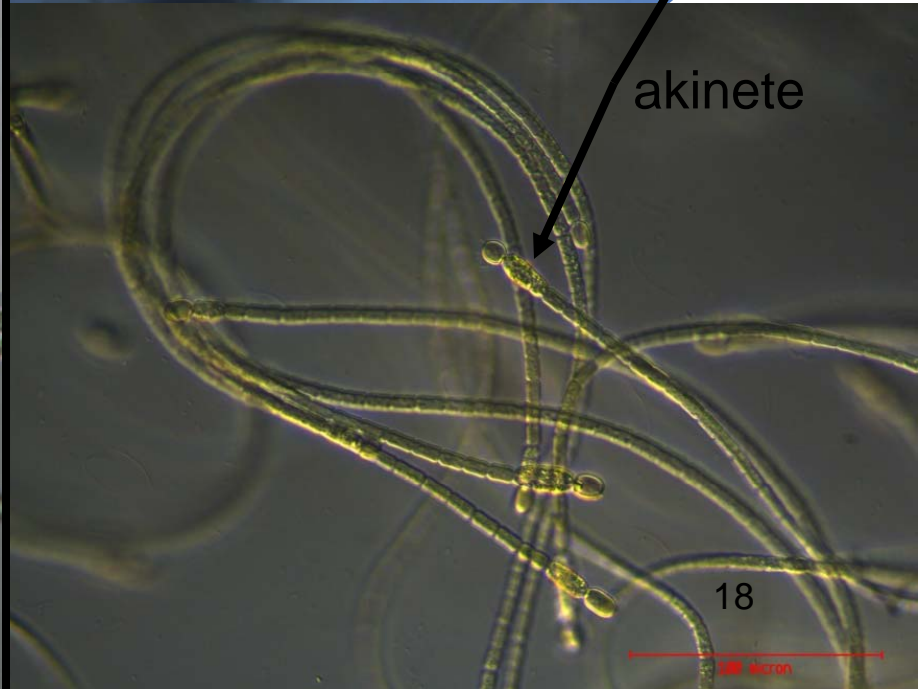
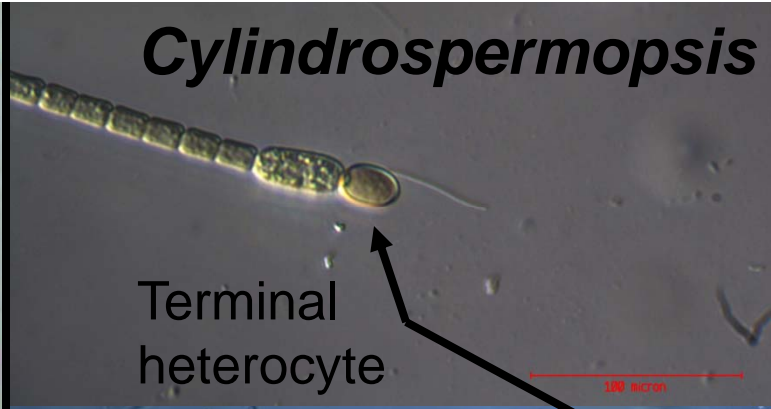
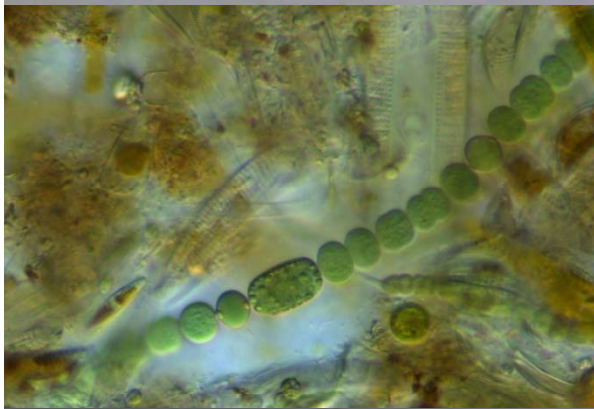
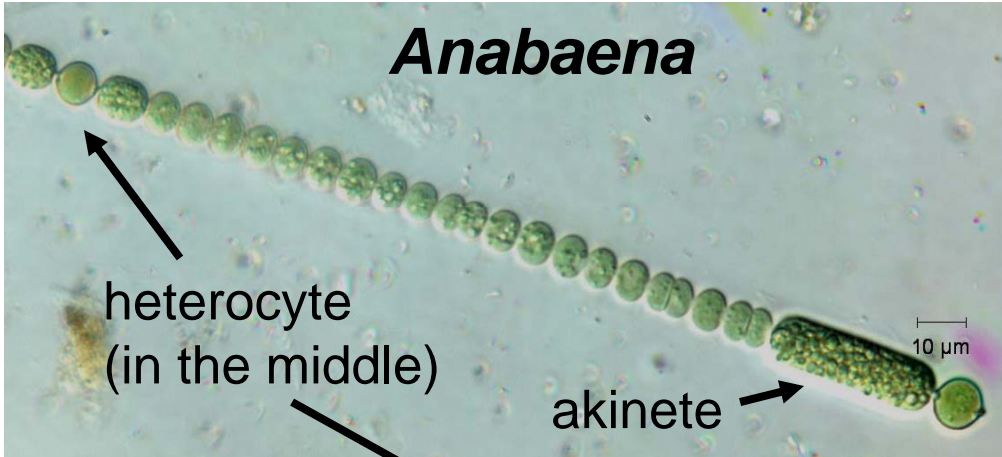
Heterocyst (nitrogen fixation)



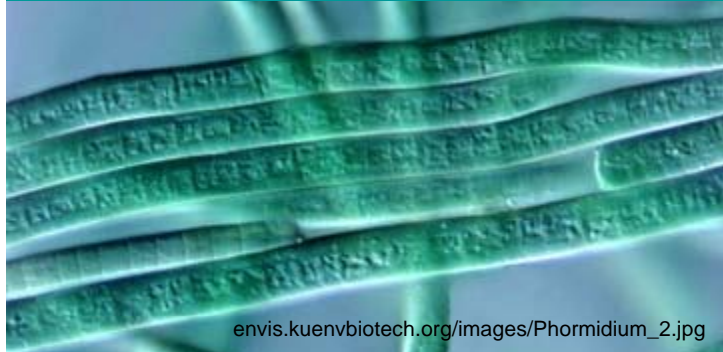
Nostoc parmeloides Kützing



Midge inside¹⁷
Nostoc 'ear'



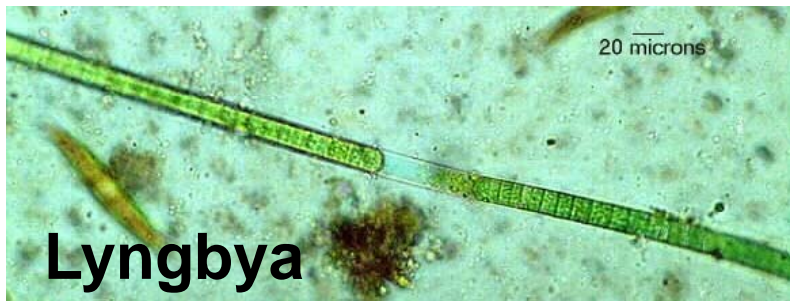
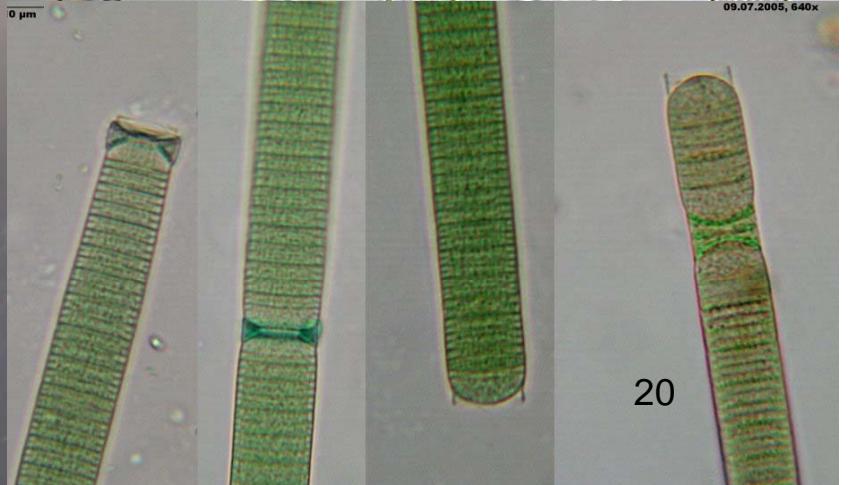
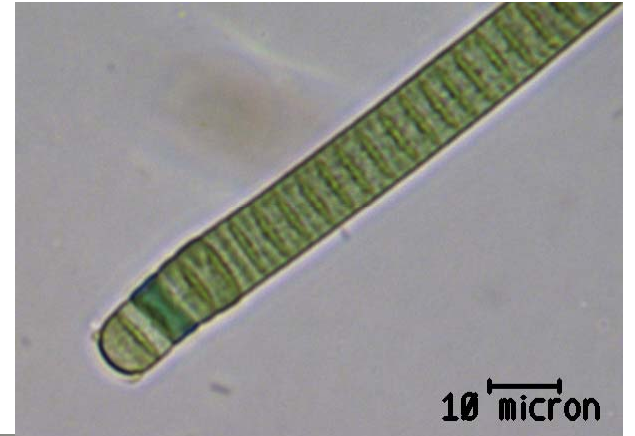
Oscillatoriales



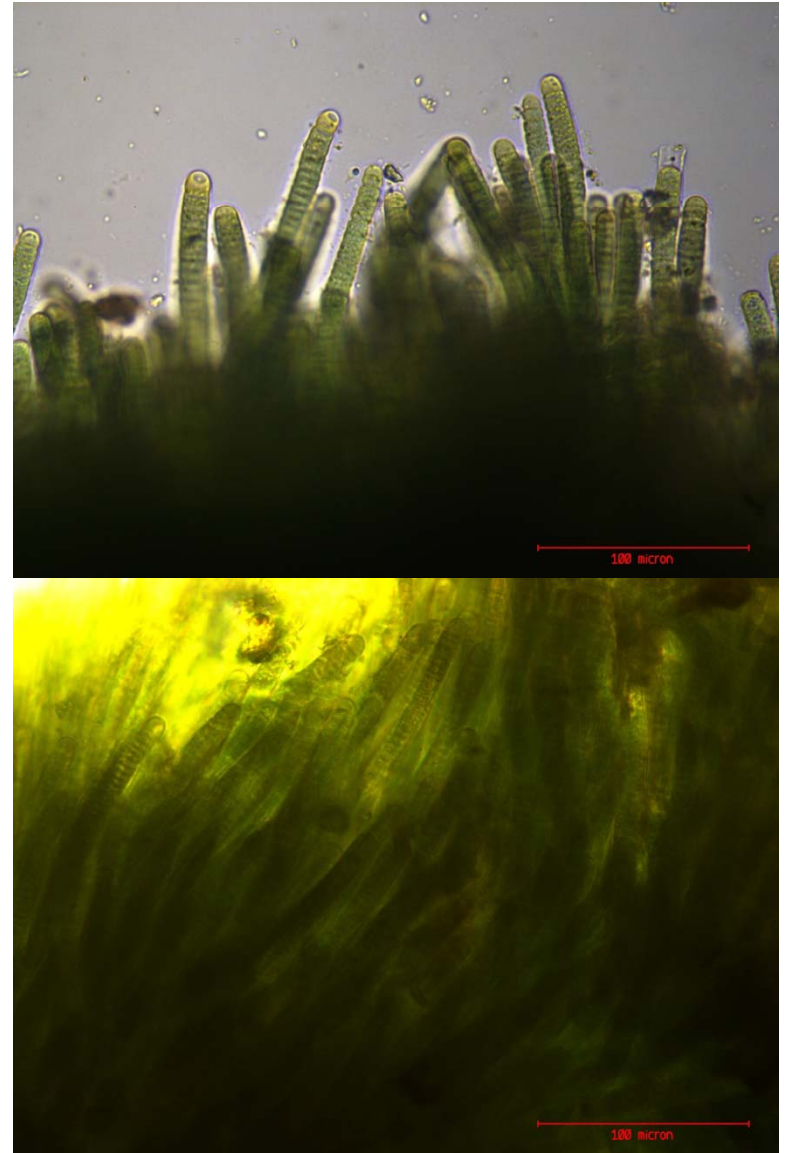
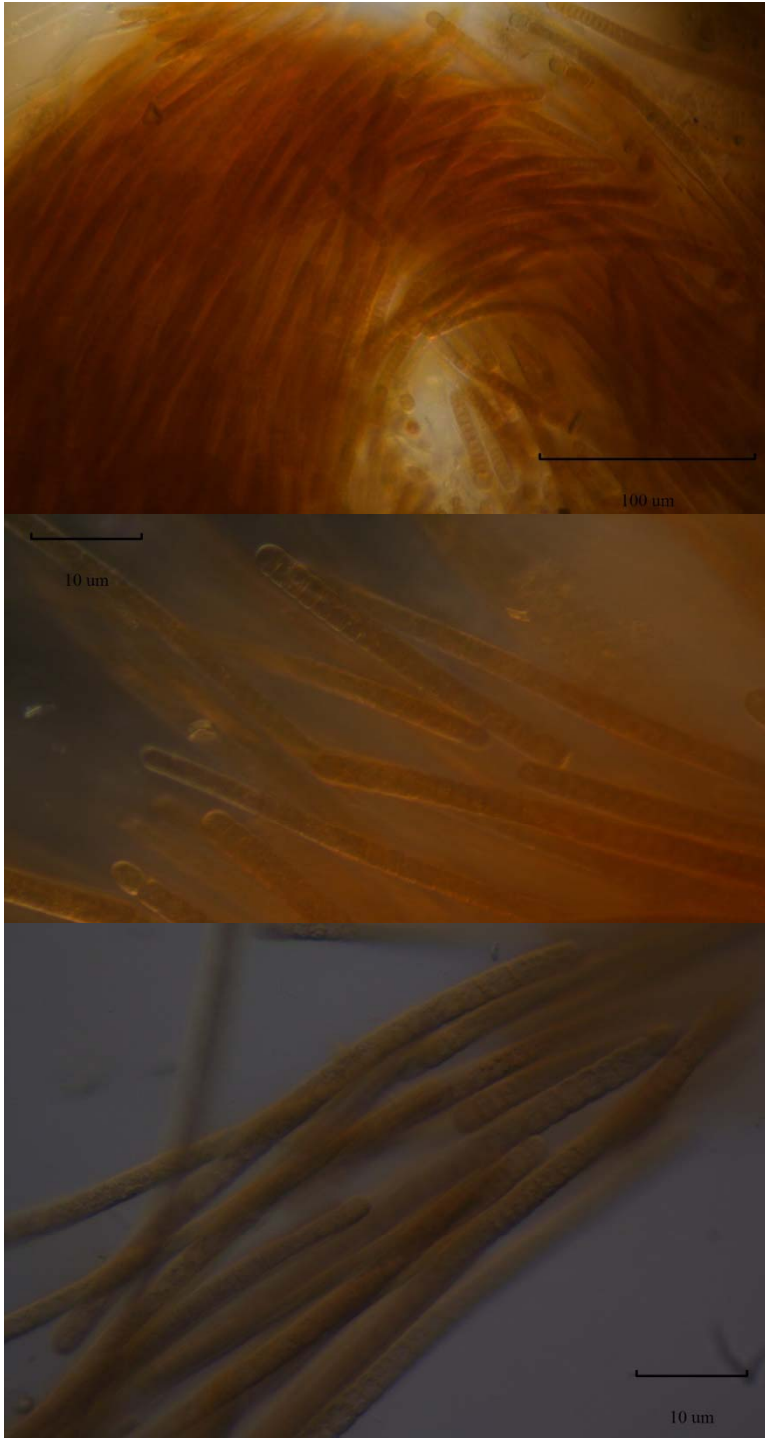
Phormidium



Oscillatoria

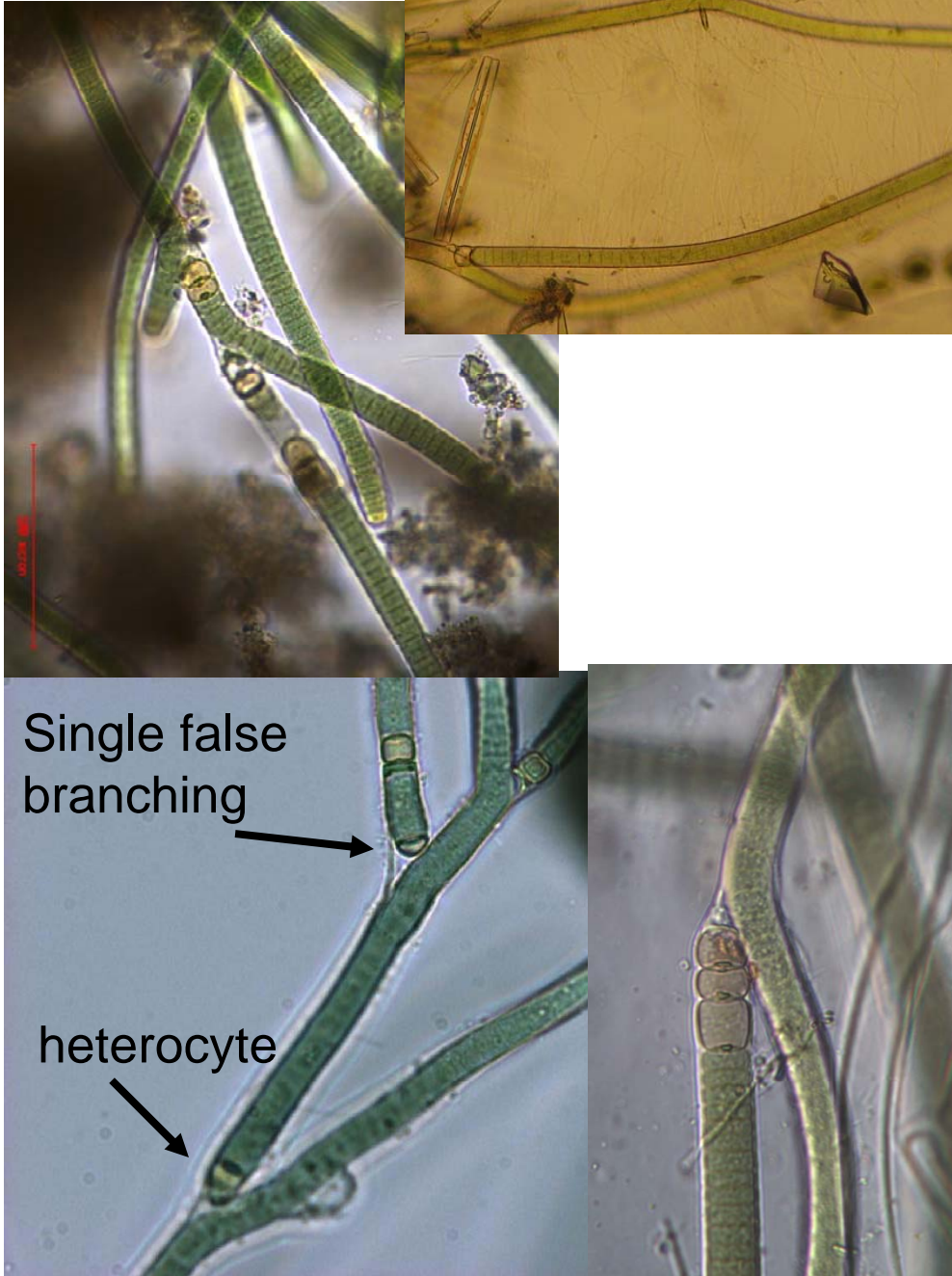


Lyngbya



Other fixing cyanobacteria
21

Tolypothrix

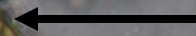


Scytonema

double false branching



heterocyte

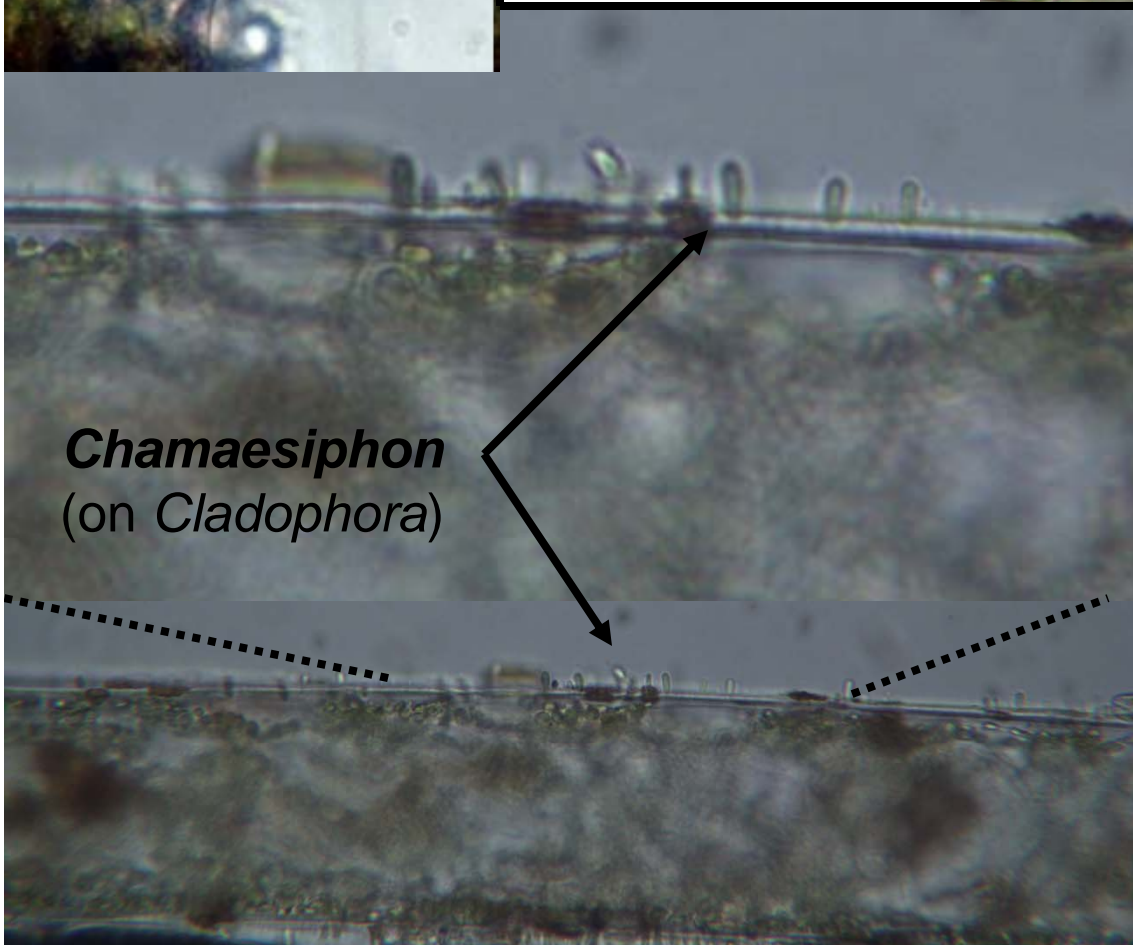
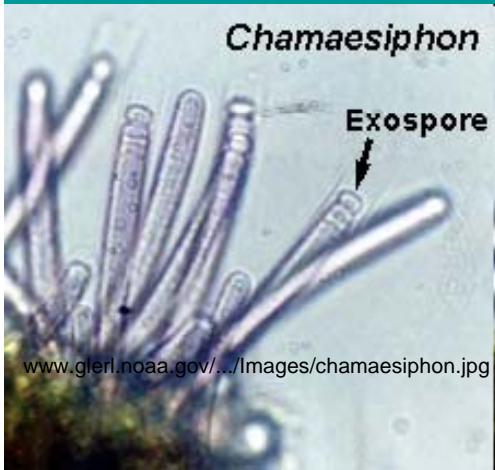


necridic cell

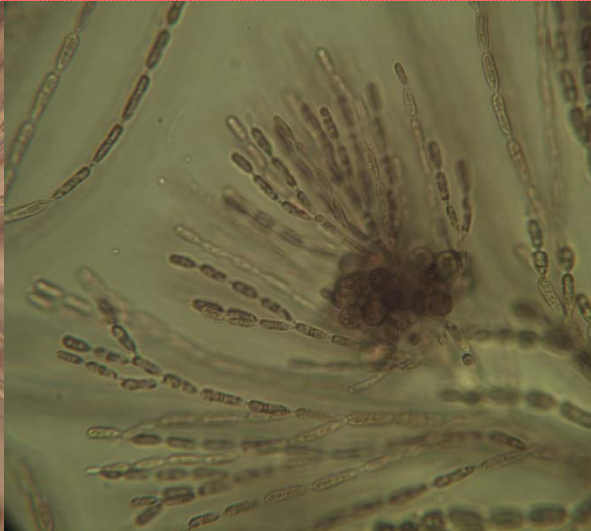
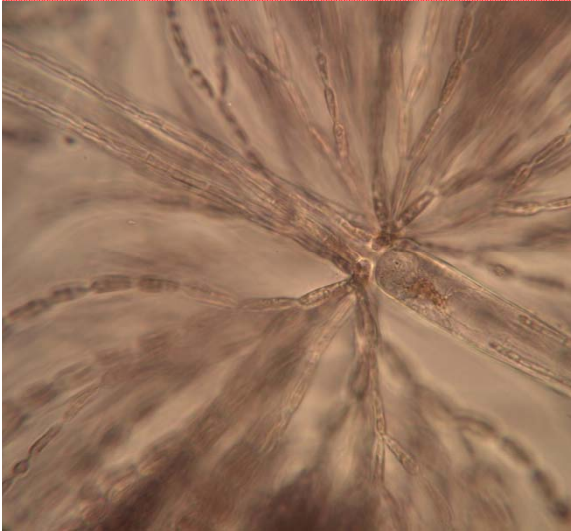


10.0 μm

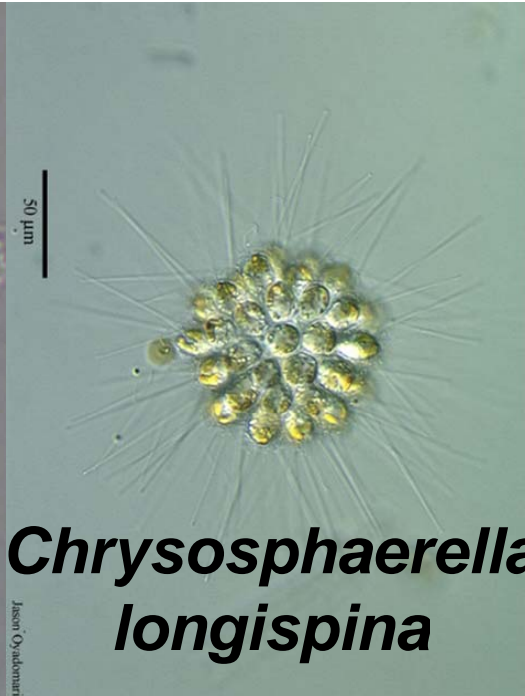
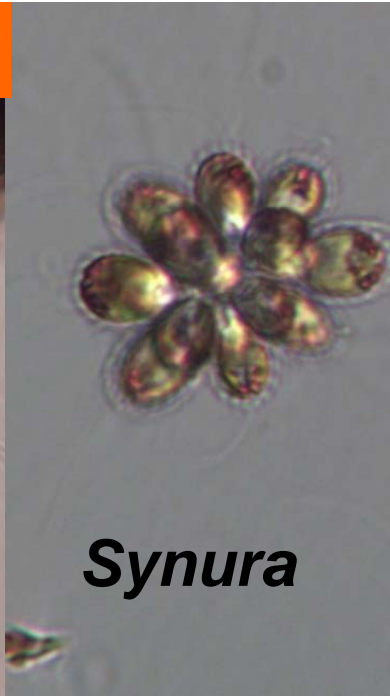
Other Cyanobacteria



Rhodophyta – red algae: *Batrachospermum*
(sometimes called ‘frog-spawn’ algae after its’ appearance)



Chrysophyta



Euglenophyta



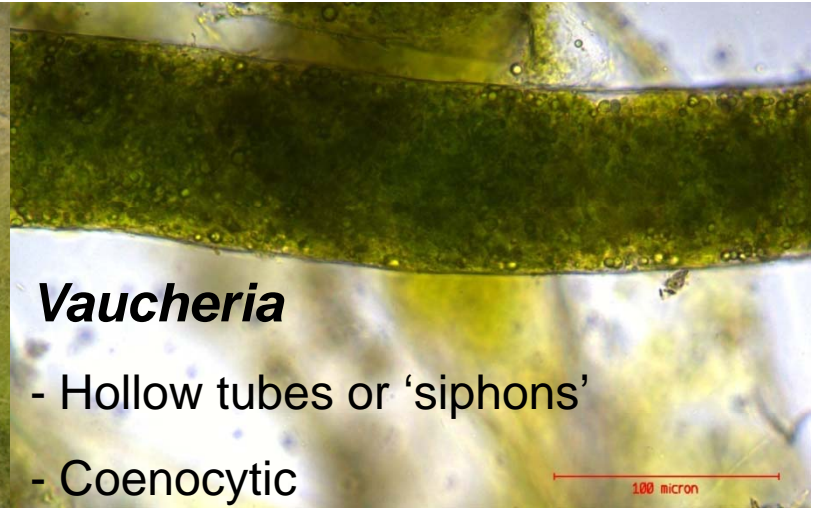
Dinoflagellates



Xanthophyceae (yellow-green algae)



Feels like cat fur,
or a felt-like mat.



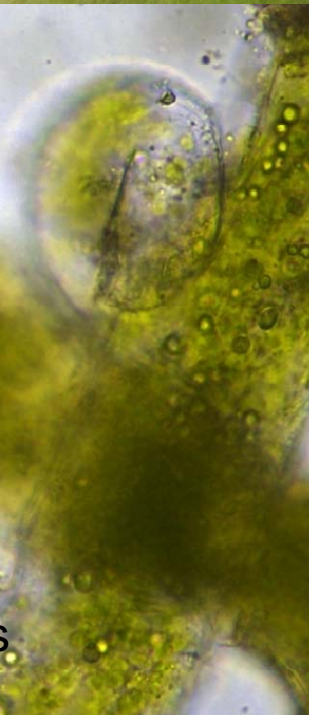
Vaucheria

- Hollow tubes or 'siphons'
- Coenocytic

Chloroplasts often align on the outside of the cell where the most light is.



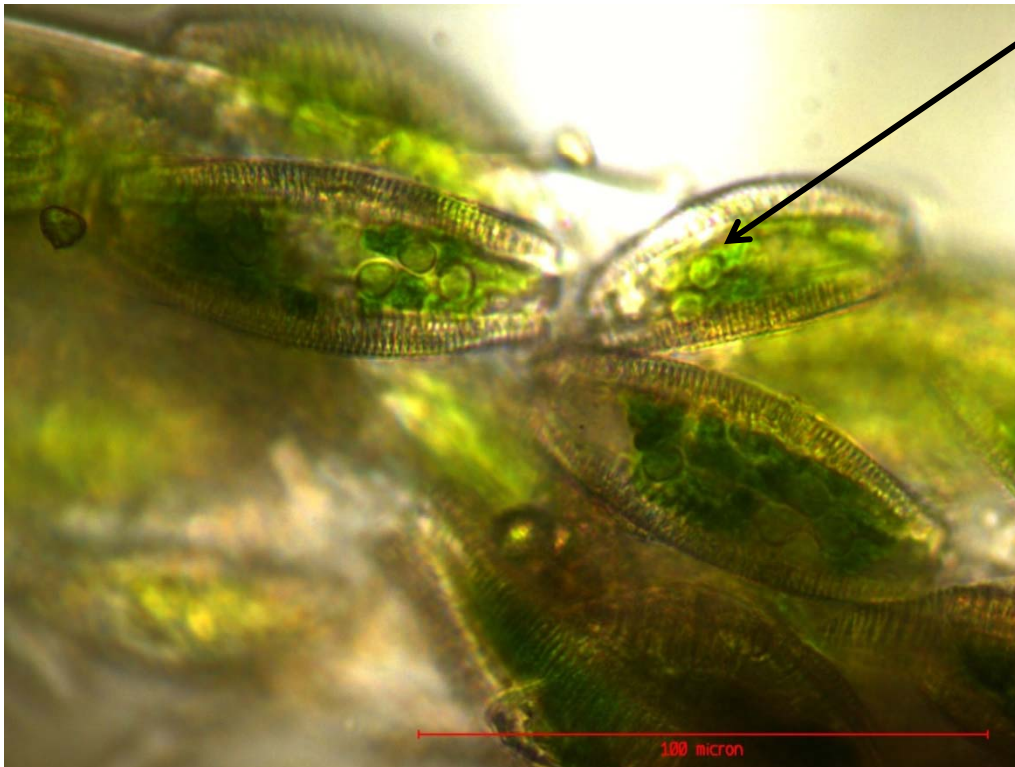
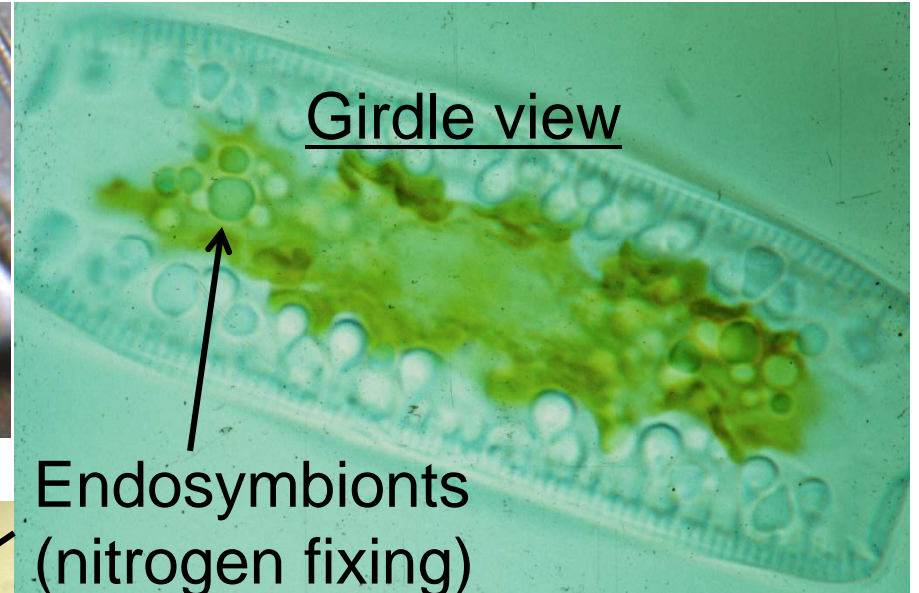
Reproductive structures



26

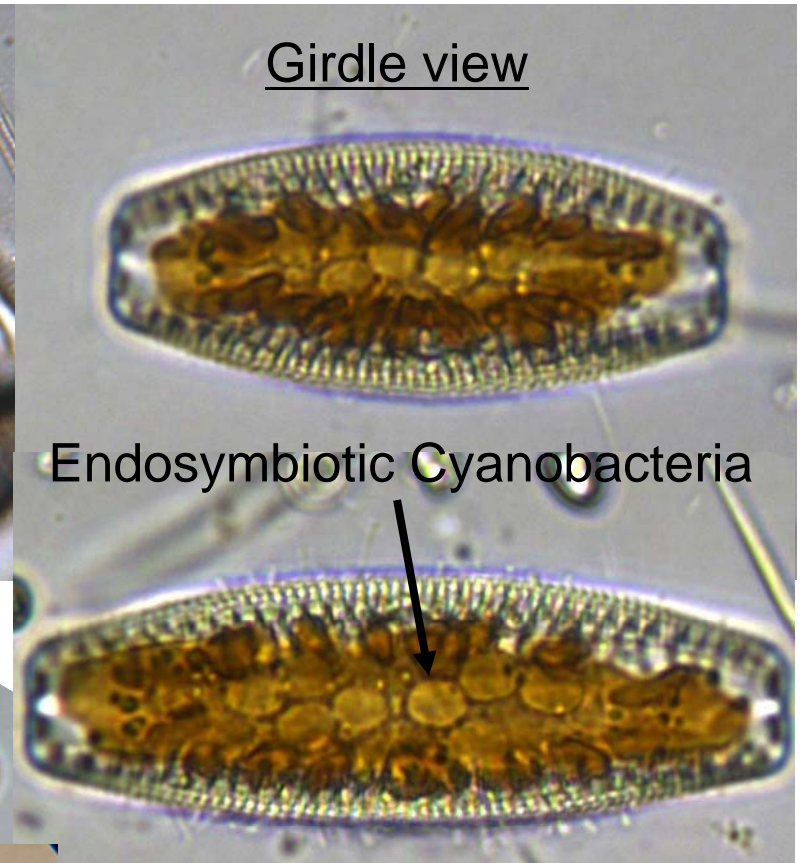
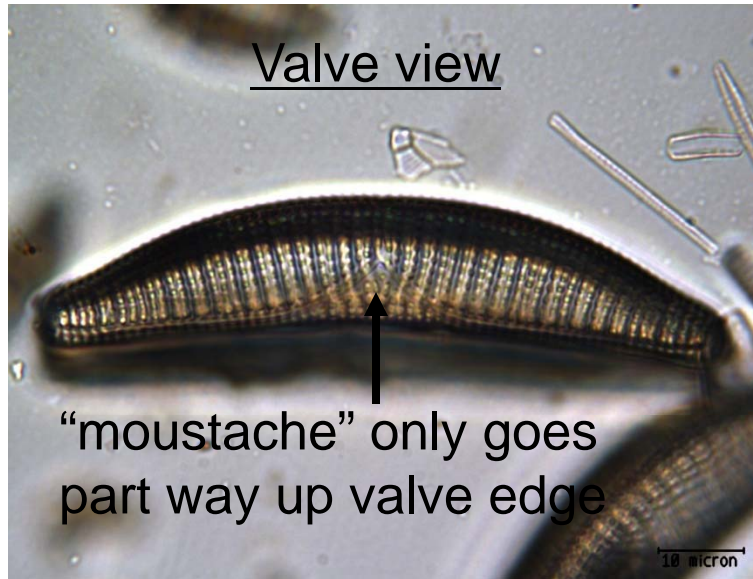
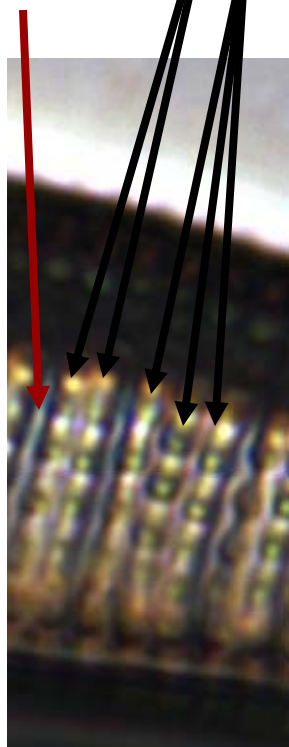
Bacillariophyta (diatoms)

Epithemia



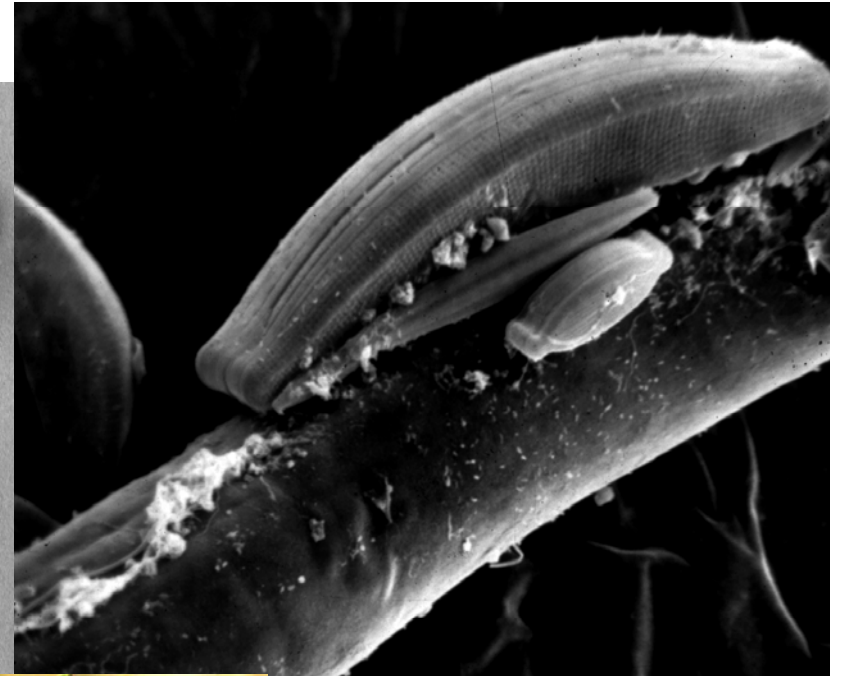
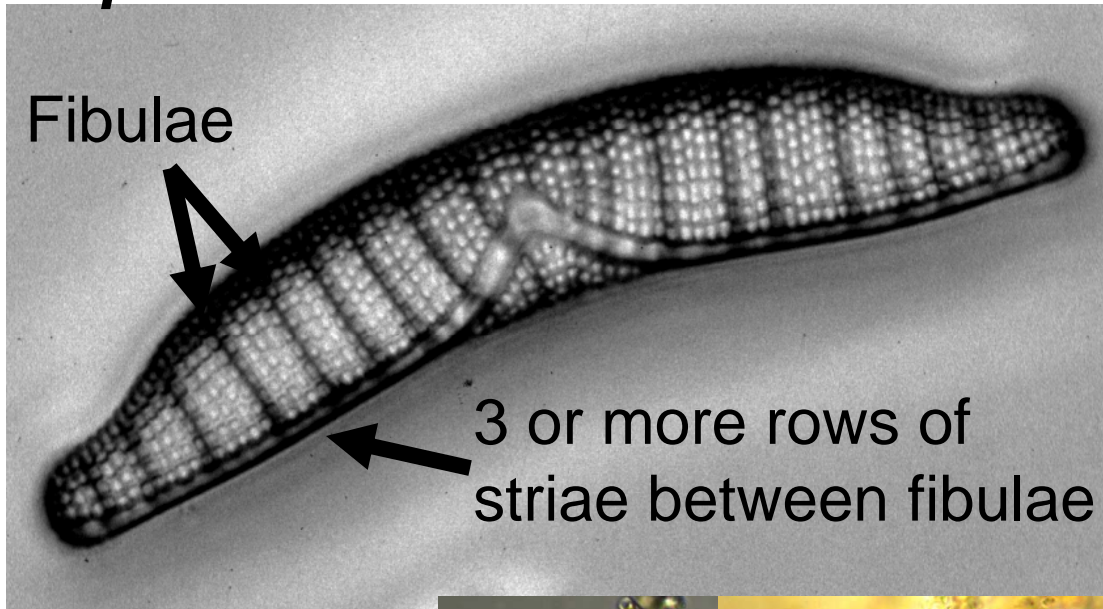
Epithemia turgida

3 or fewer rows of striae between fibulae

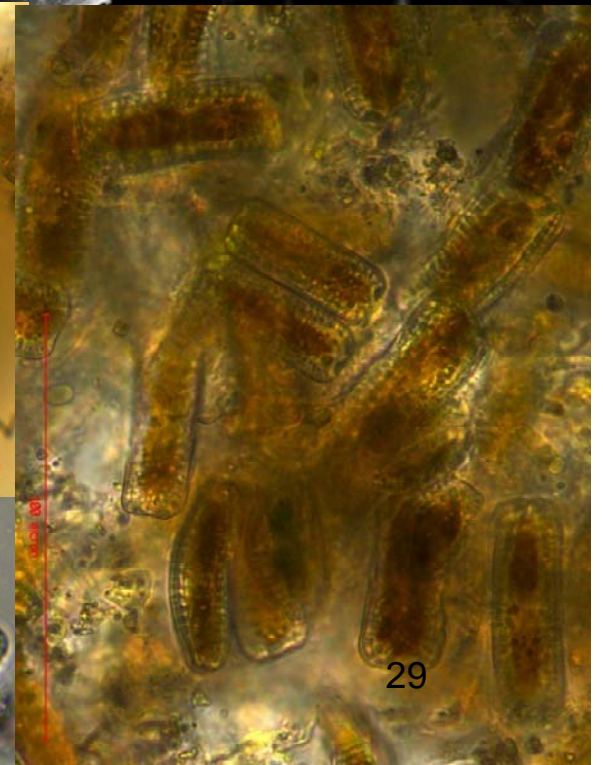
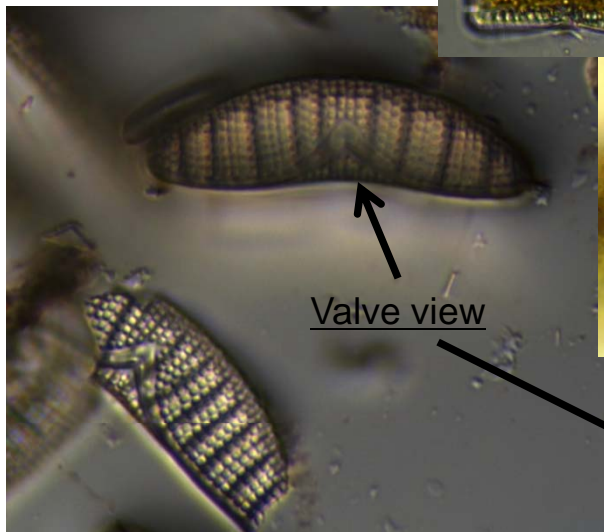


Epithemia turgida Ehrenberg (Kützing)

Epithemia adnata

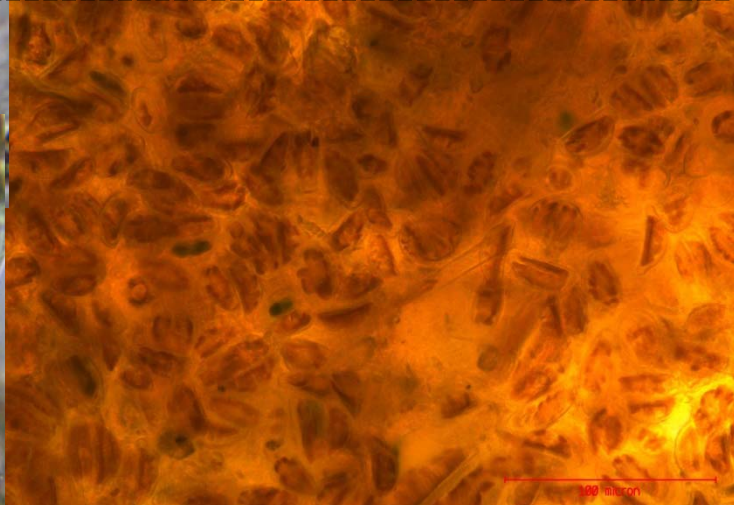
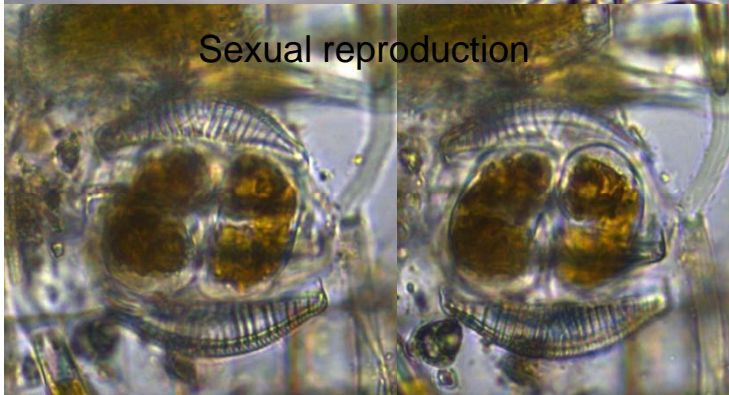
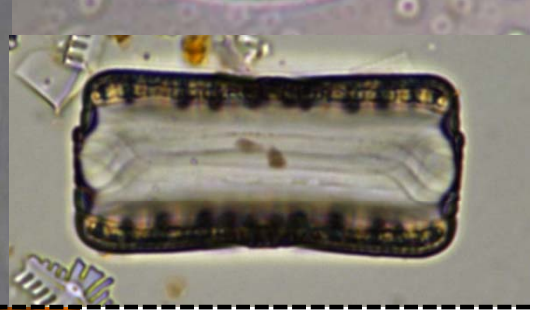
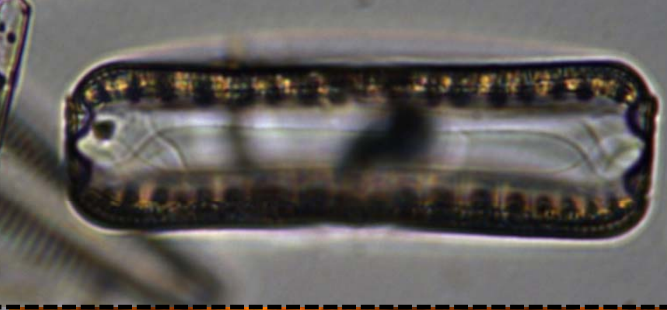
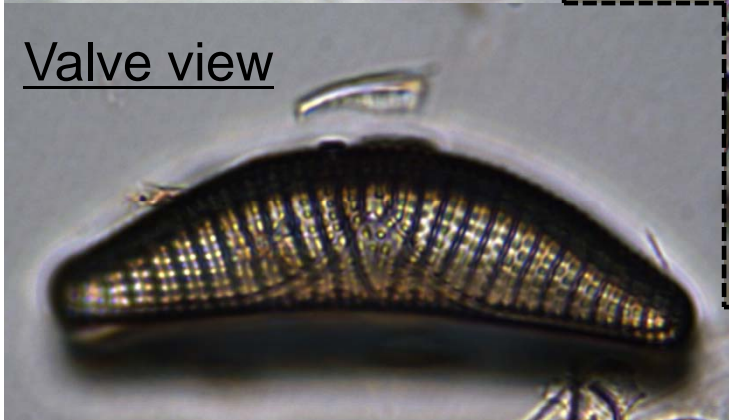
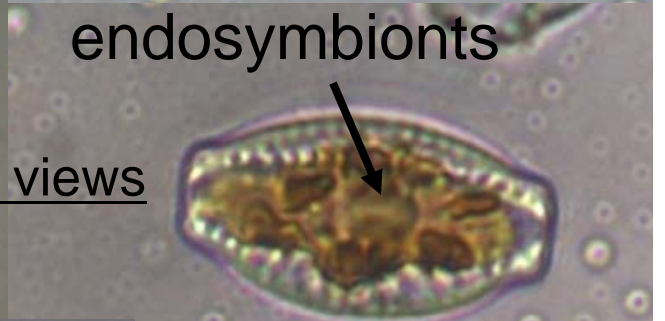
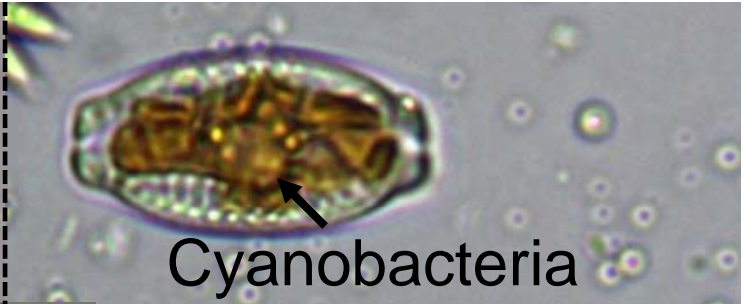
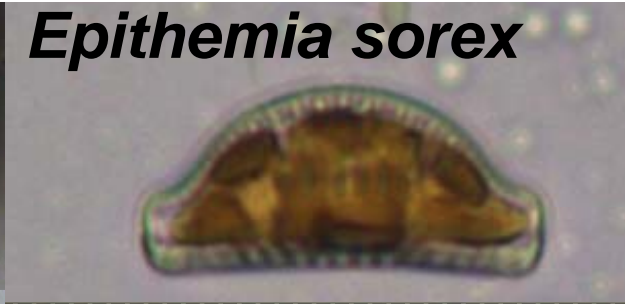
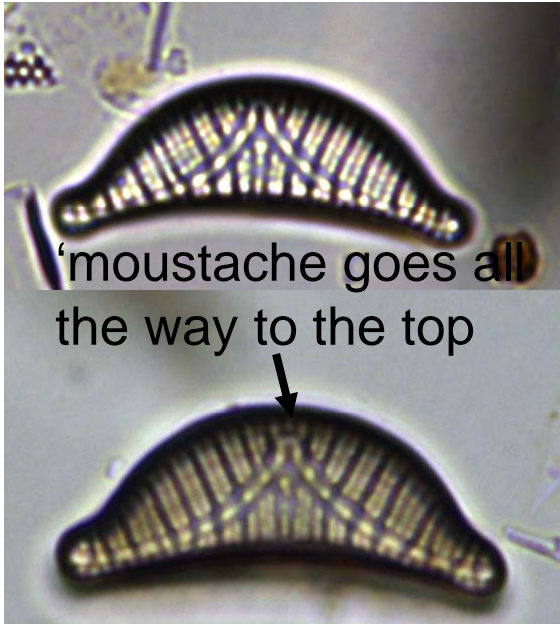


Girdle view →



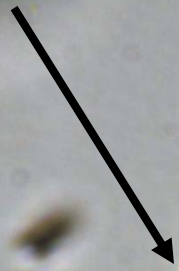
Epithemia adnata (Kützing) Brébisson

Epithemia sorex

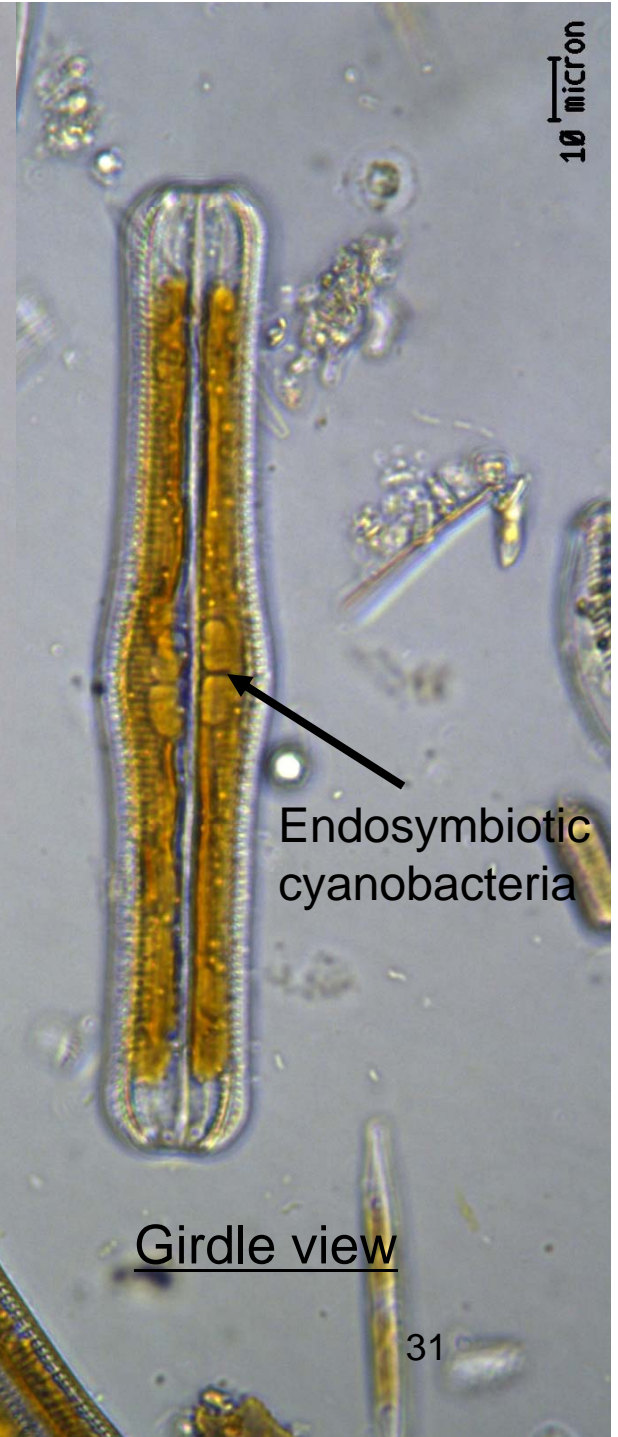


Rhopalodia

(looks like a canoe in valve view)



Valve view

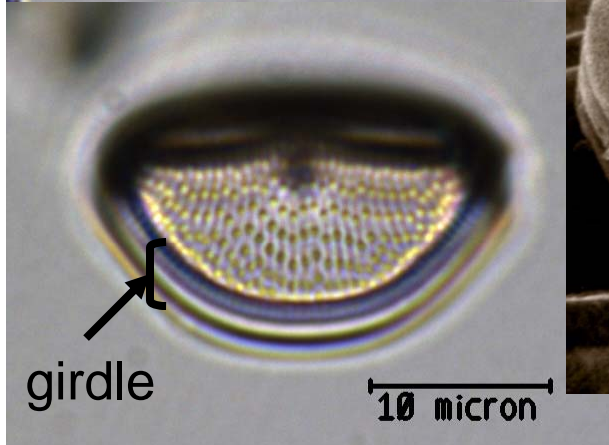
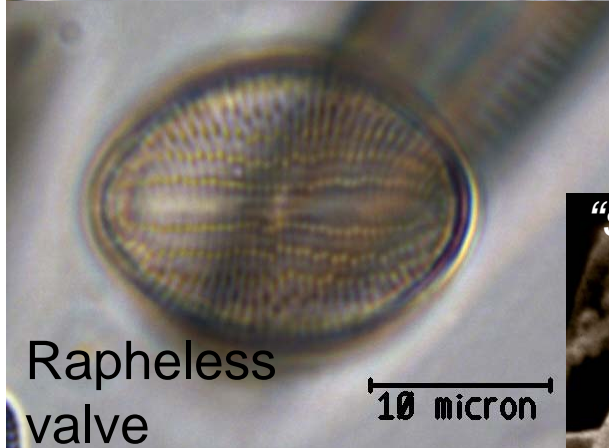
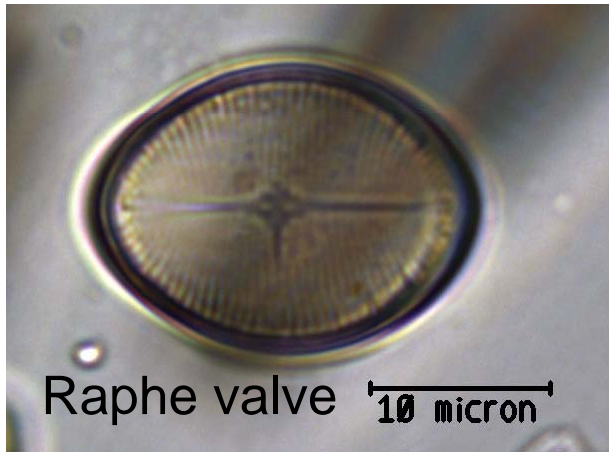


Endosymbiotic cyanobacteria

Girdle view

Rhopalodia gibba var. *gibba* Kützing Brébisson Ehrenberg (O. Müller)

Cocconeis pediculus

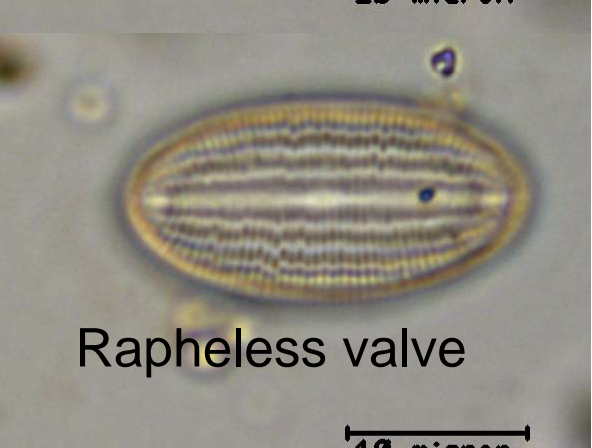


Cocconeis spp.



Cocconeis pediculus Ehrenberg

Cocconeis placentula



Cocconeis

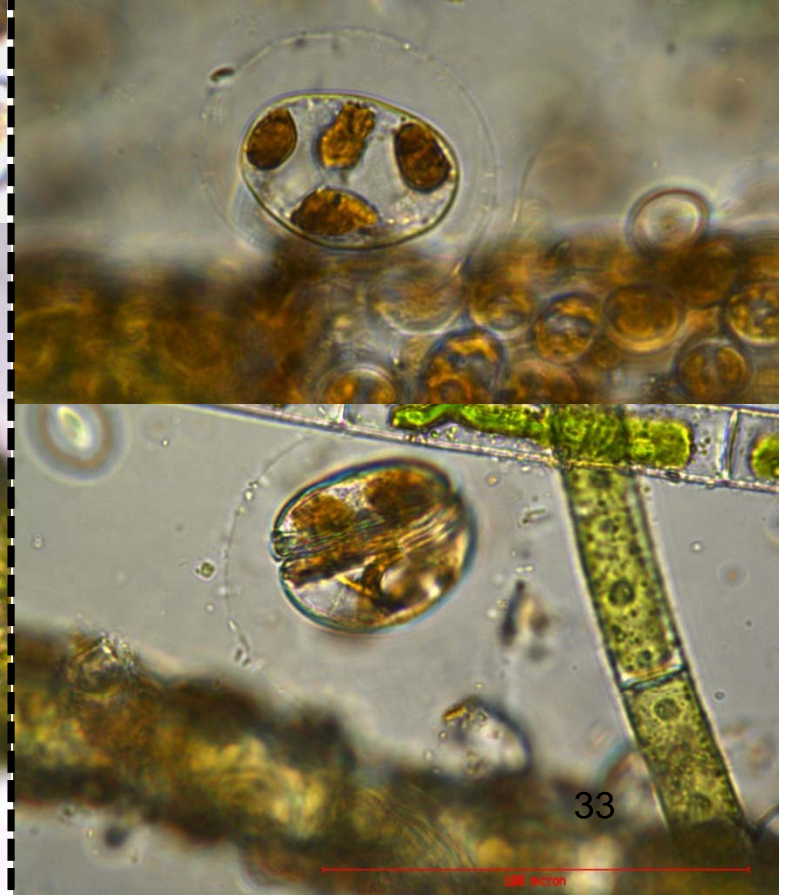
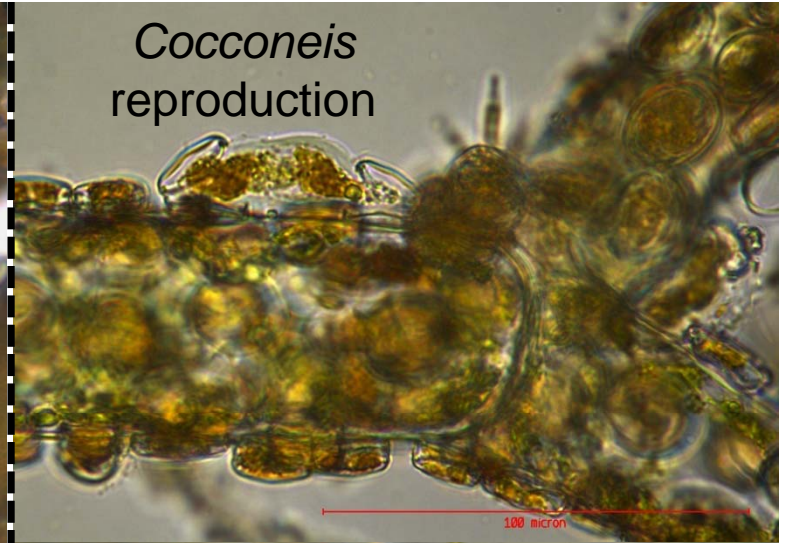


Cocconeis pediculus
epiphytic on
Cladophora

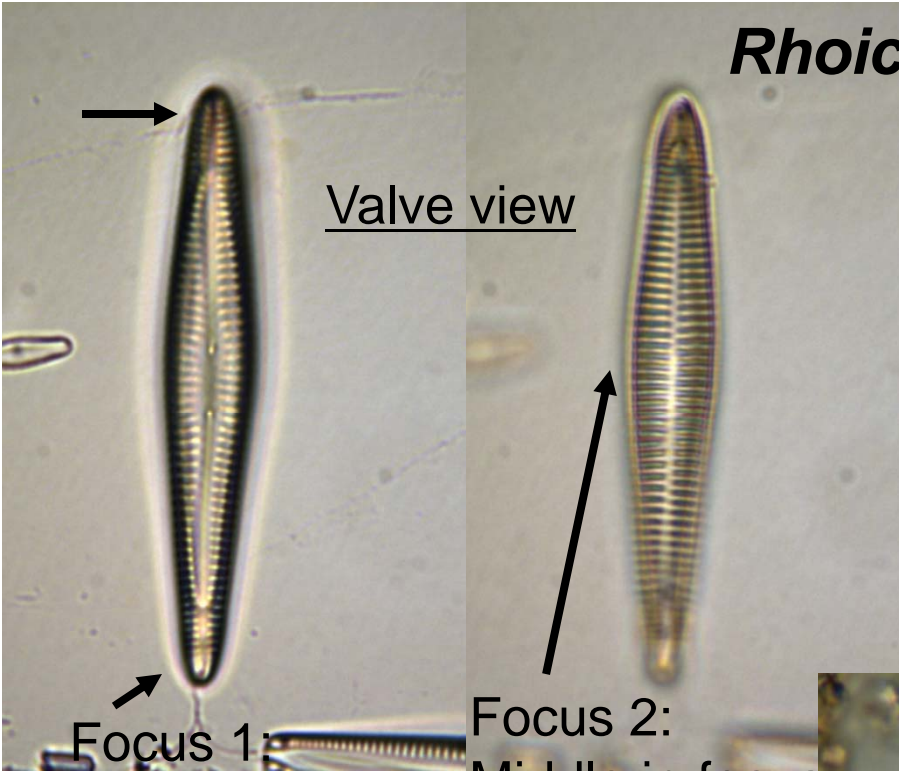


Cocconeis associated rust spots on *Cladophora*

Cocconeis
reproduction



Rhoicosphenia



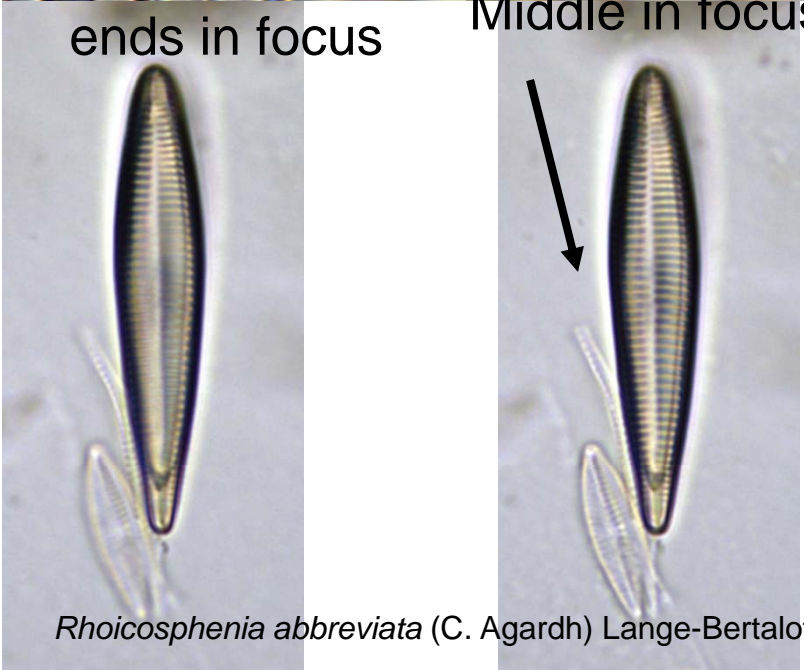
Valve view

Focus 1:
ends in focus

Focus 2:
Middle in focus



10 micron



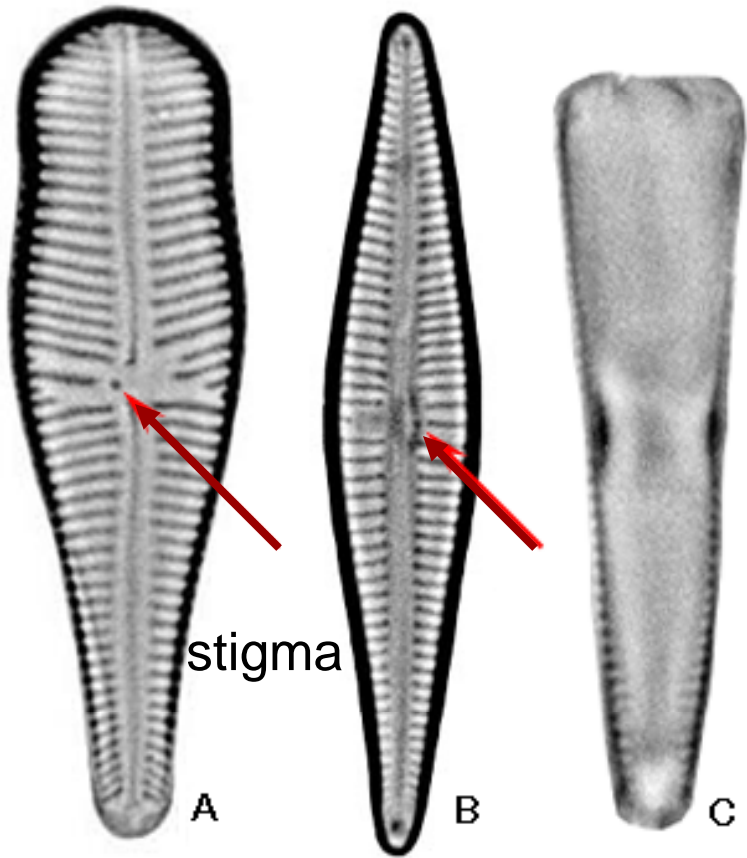
Girdle view:
'bent' or curved



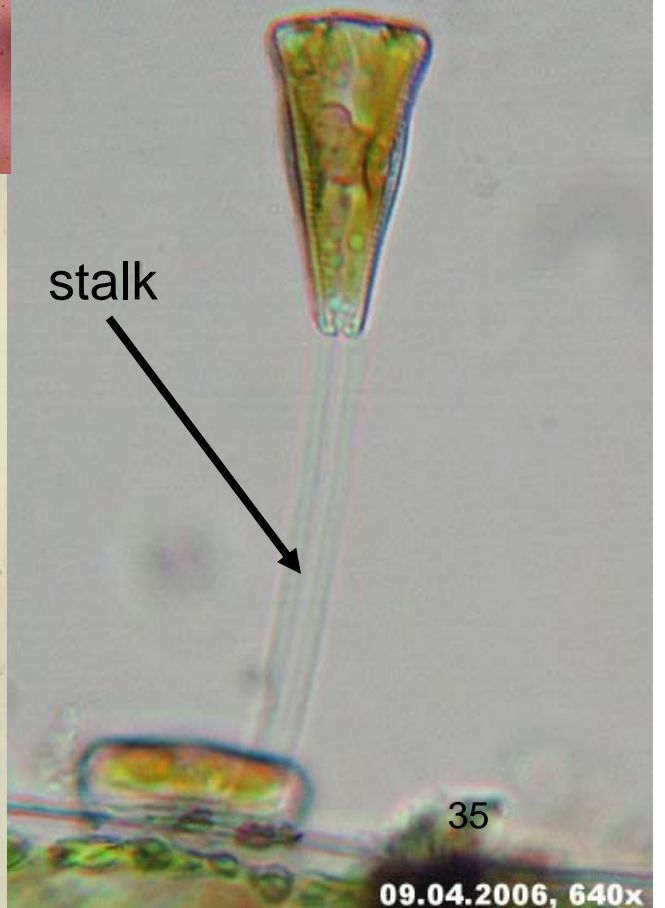
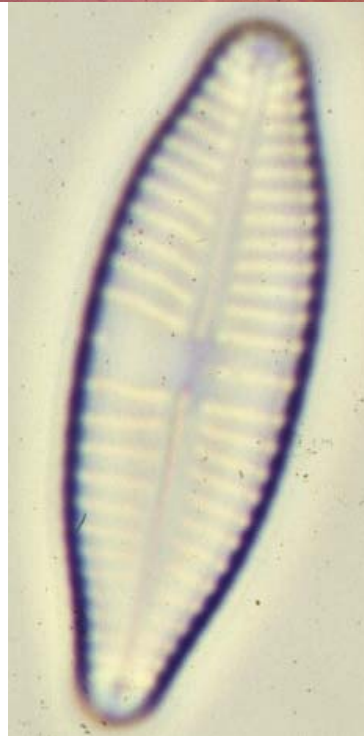
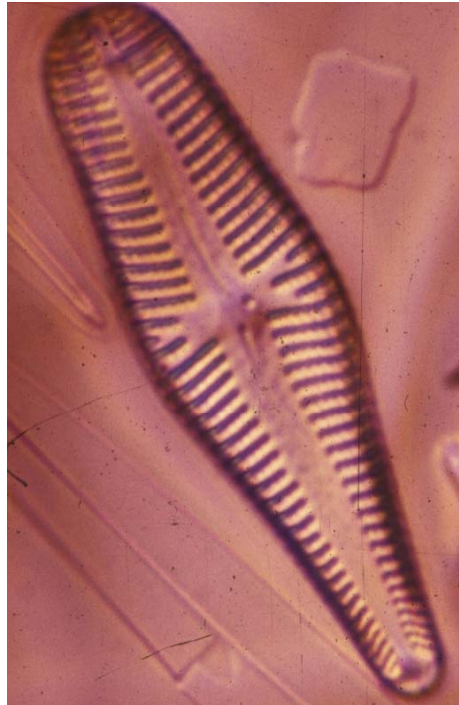
34
10 micron

Rhoicosphenia abbreviata (C. Agardh) Lange-Bertalot

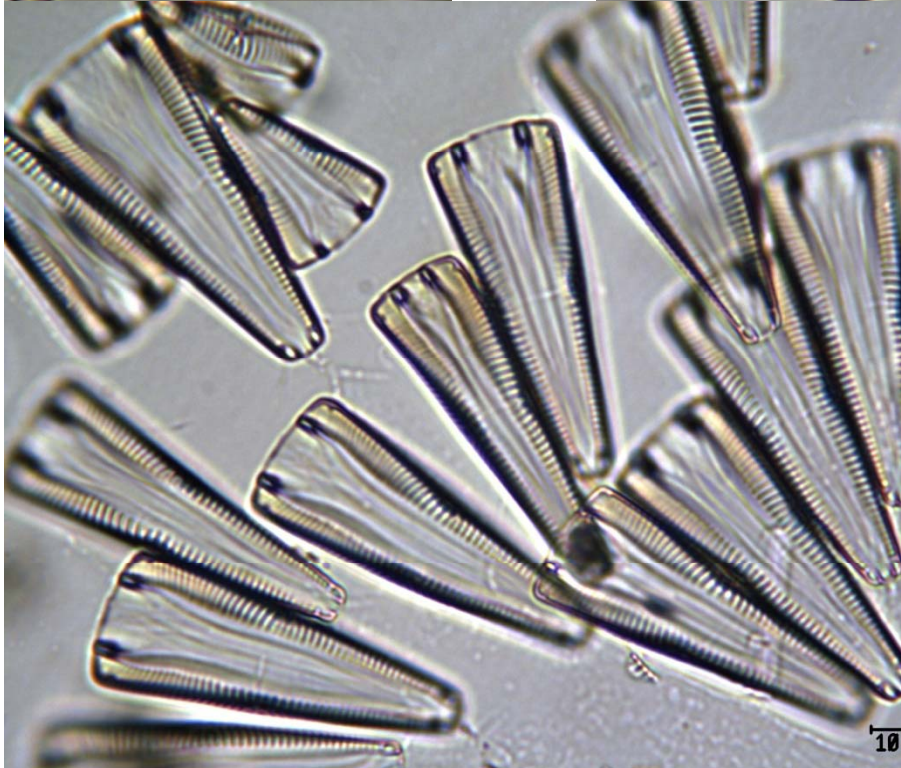
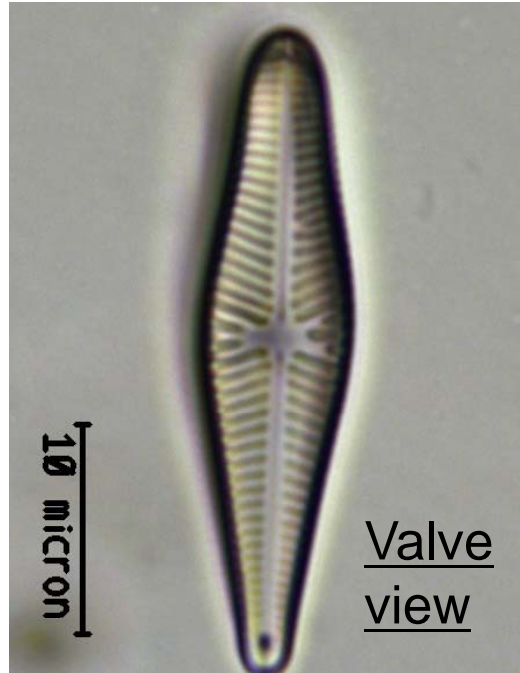
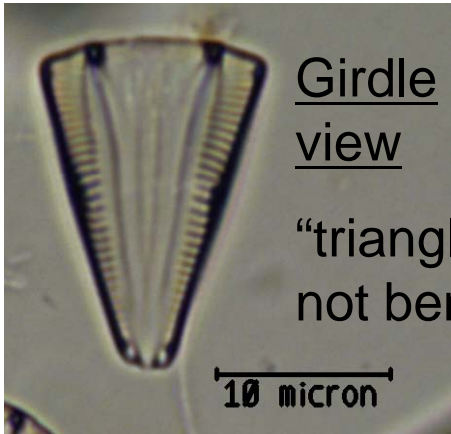
Gomphonema spp



keisou.hp.infoseek.co.jp/.../gomphone.html



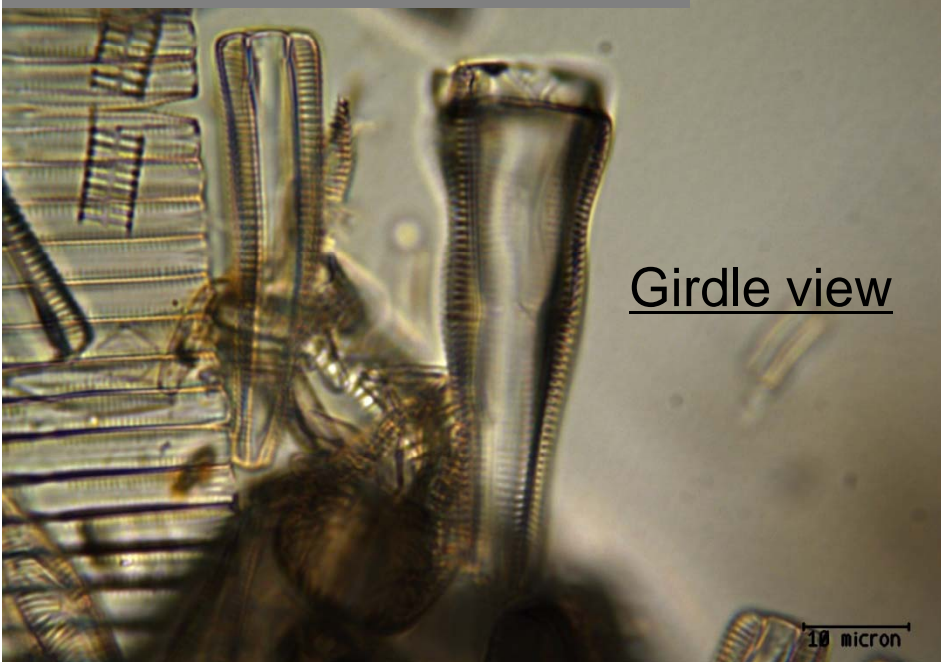
Gomphonema sp 1



Gomphonema sp 2

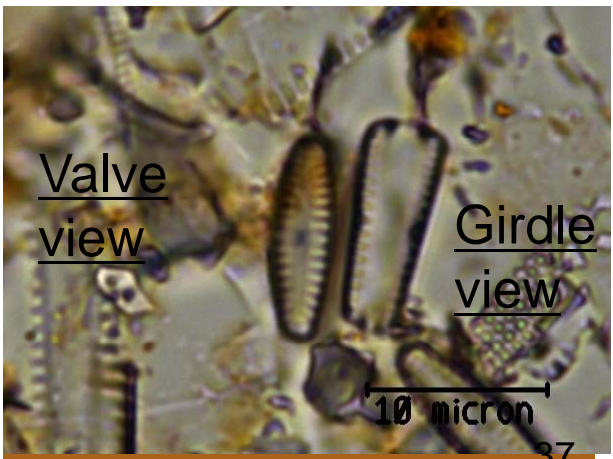


Gomphonema acuminatum Ehrenberg



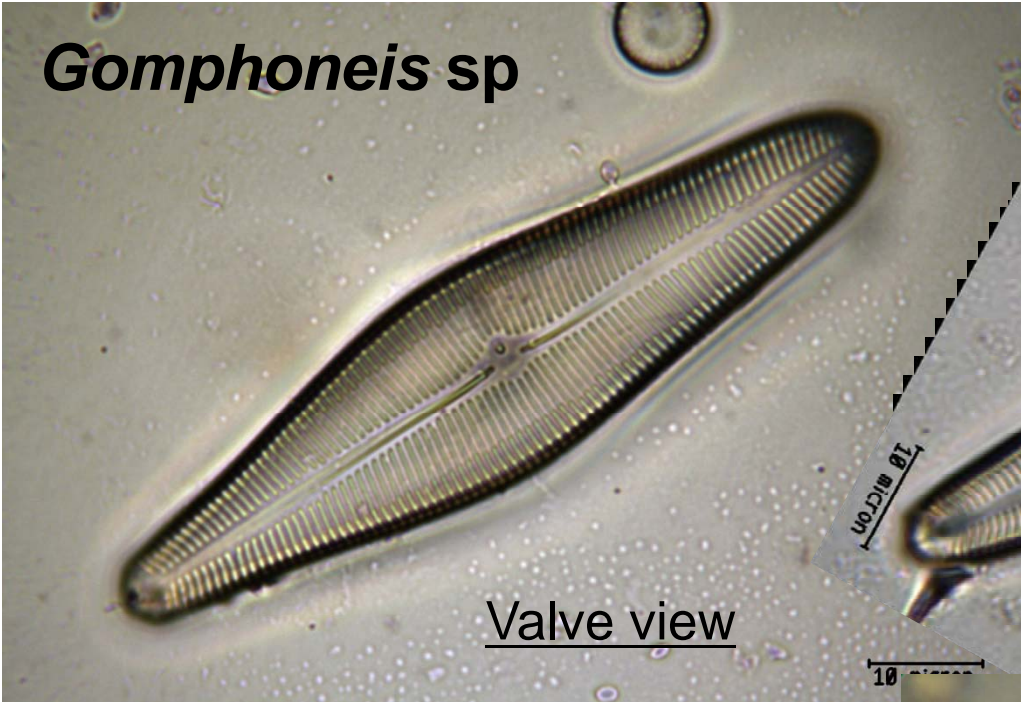
Gomphonema sp 4

Gomphonema truncatum Ehrenberg 10 micron

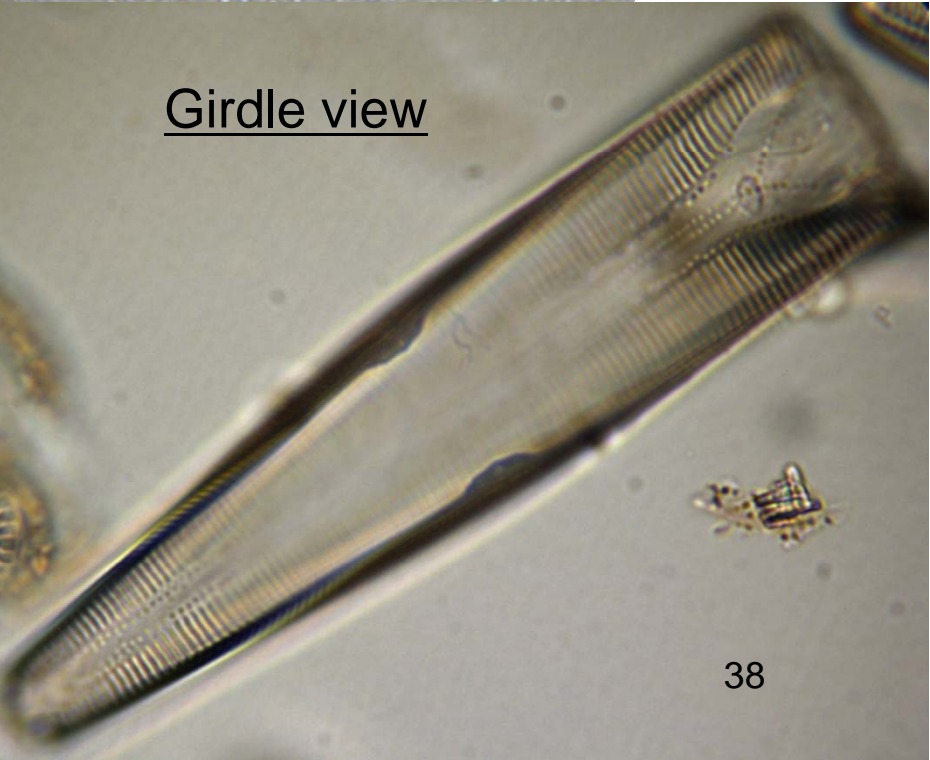
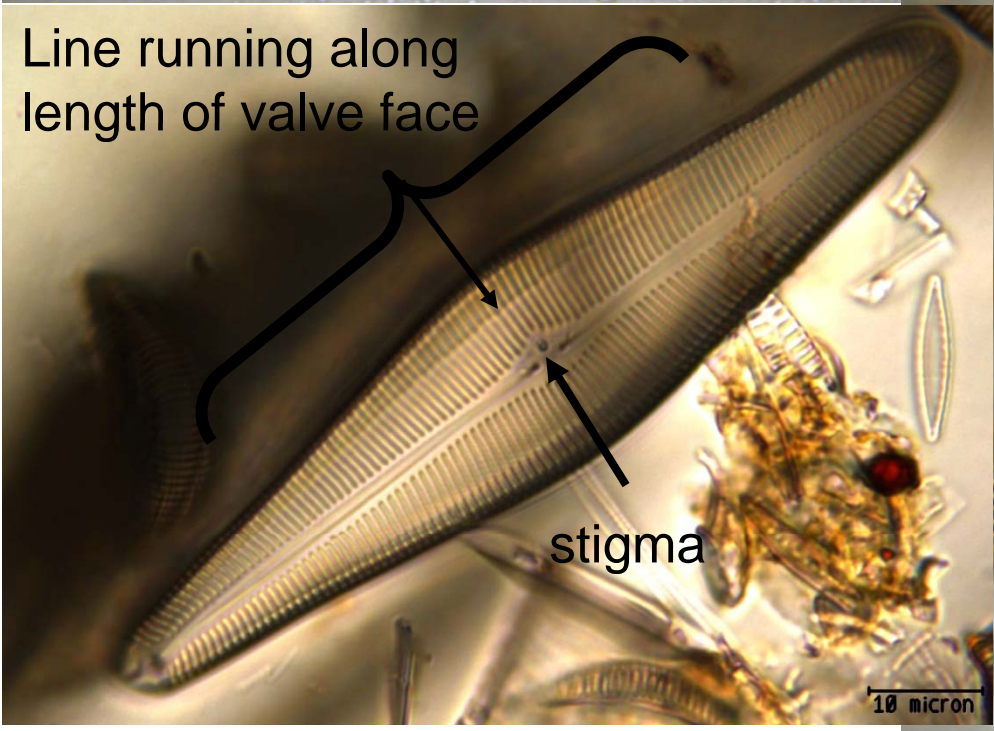
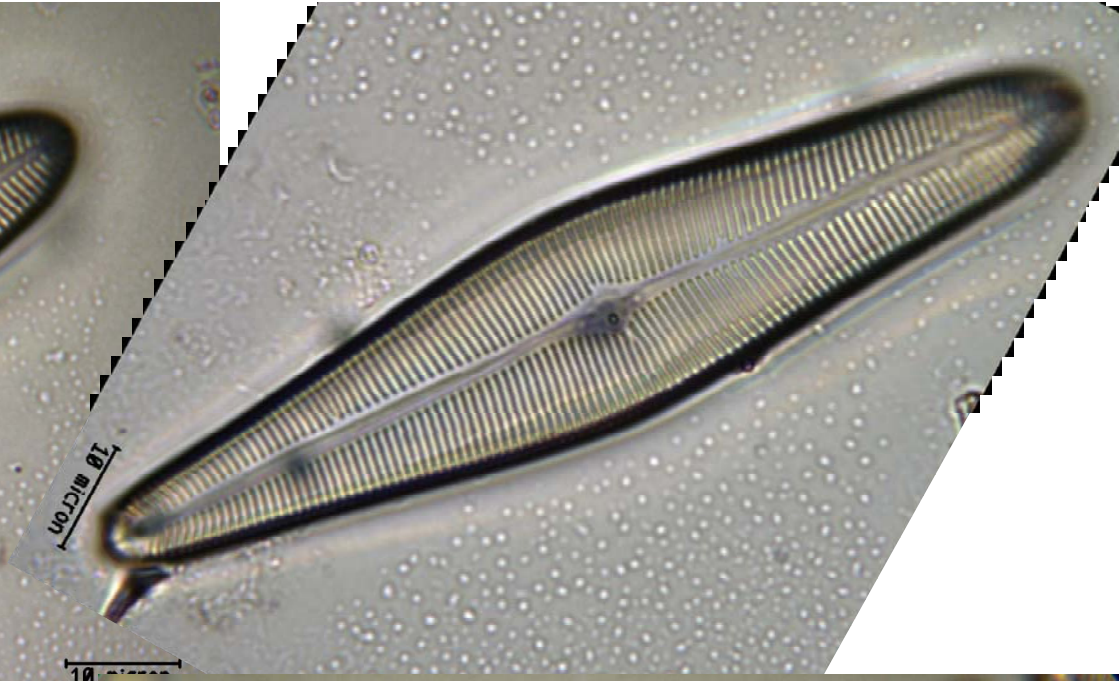


Gomphonema sp 5

Gomphoneis sp



Valve view

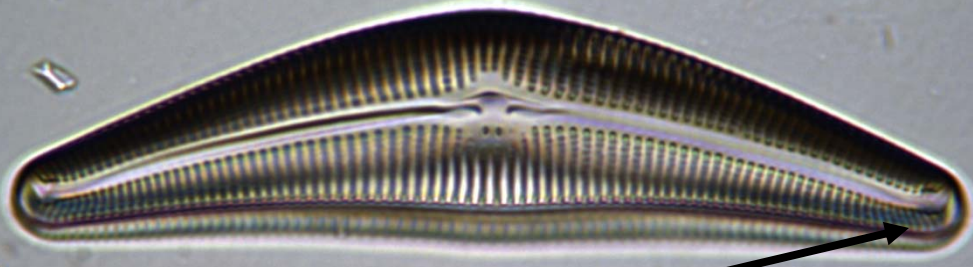


Girdle view

Cymbella

Cymbella tumida?

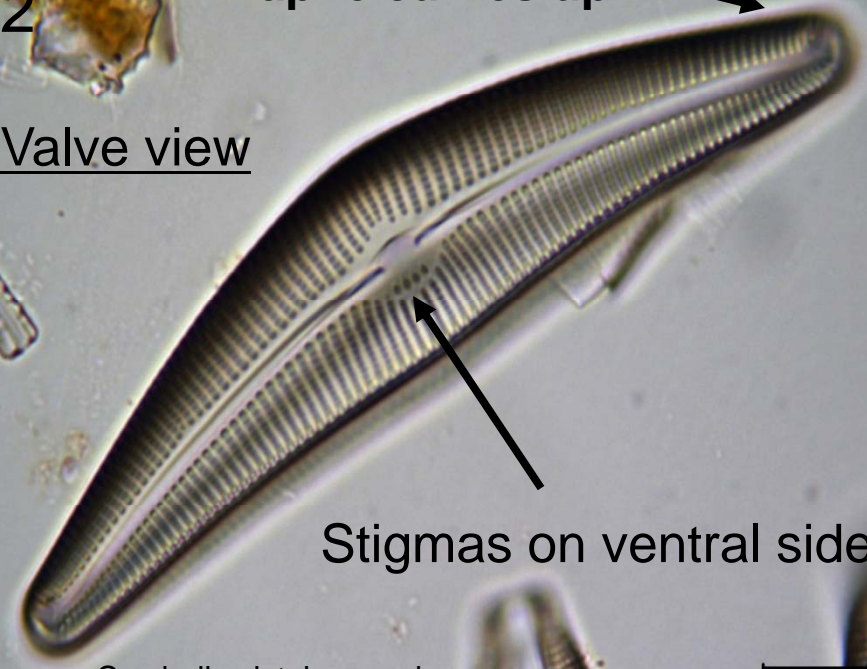
1



2

Raphe curves up

Valve view

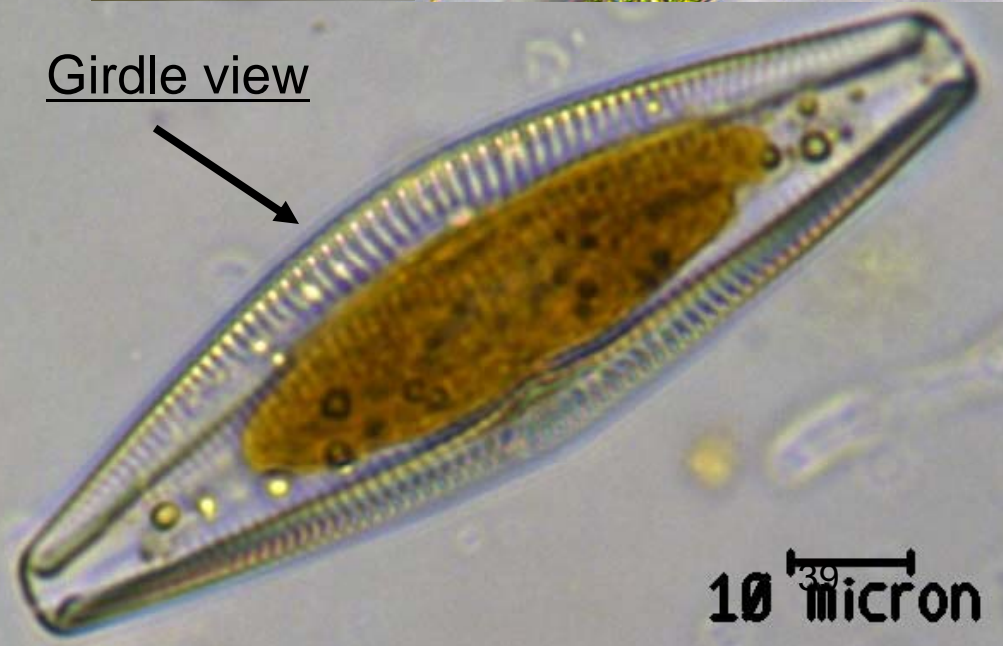


Stigmata on ventral side

Cymbella cistula complex

10 micron

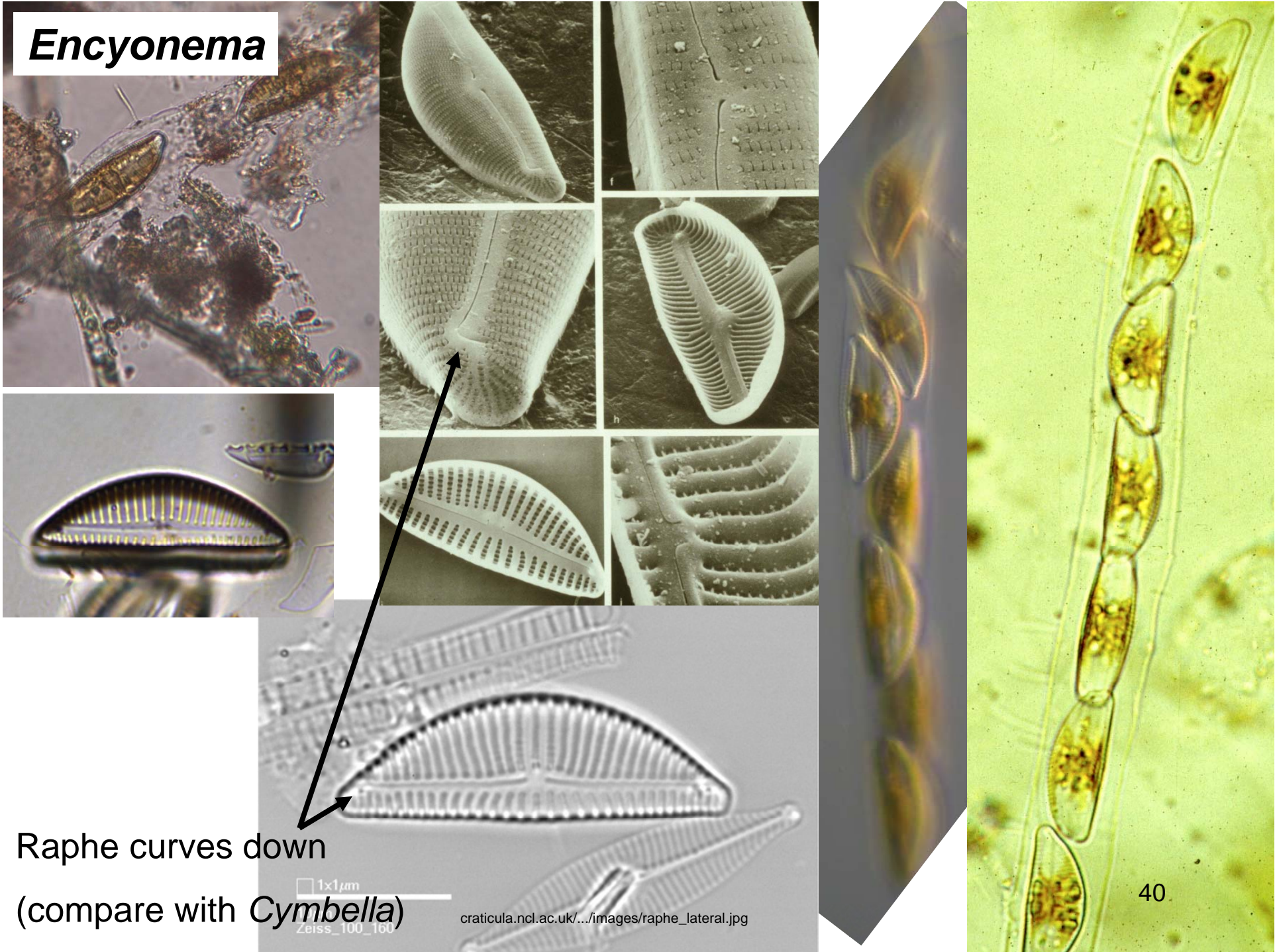
Girdle view



10³ micron



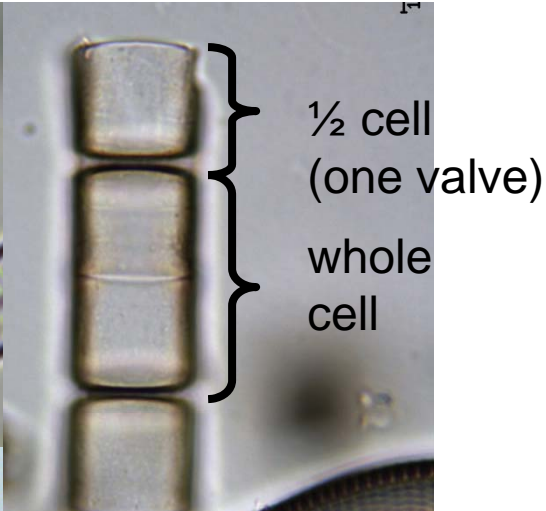
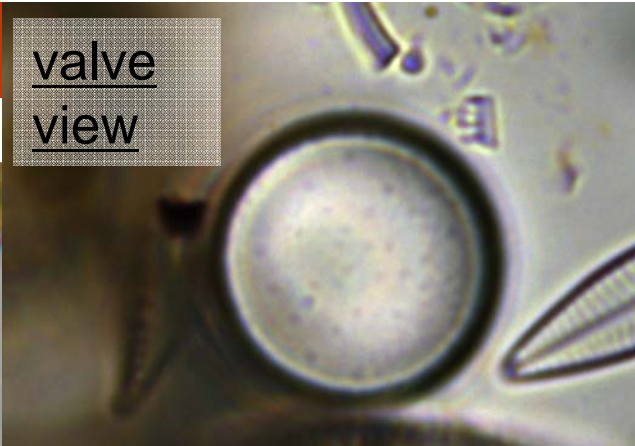
Encyonema



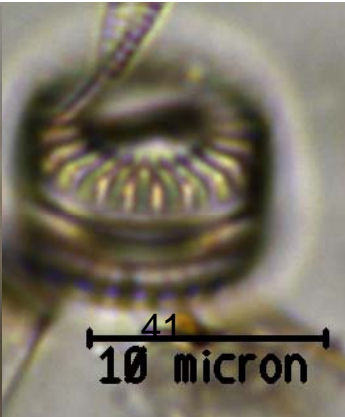
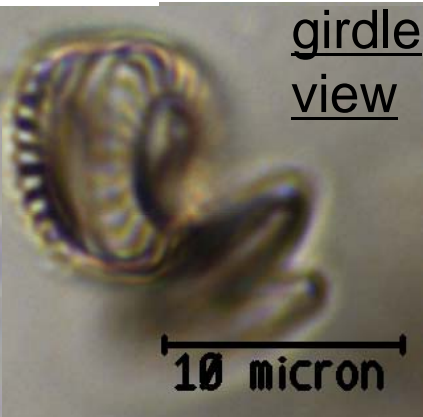
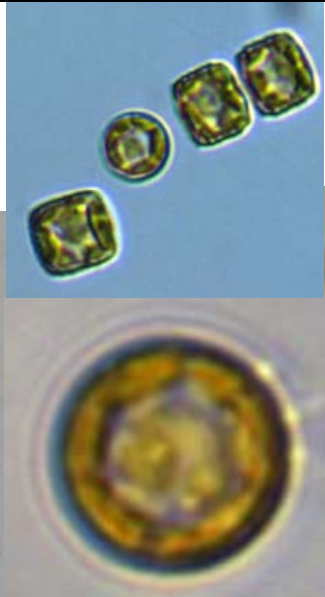
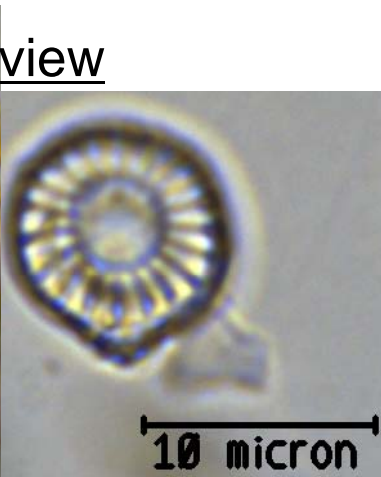
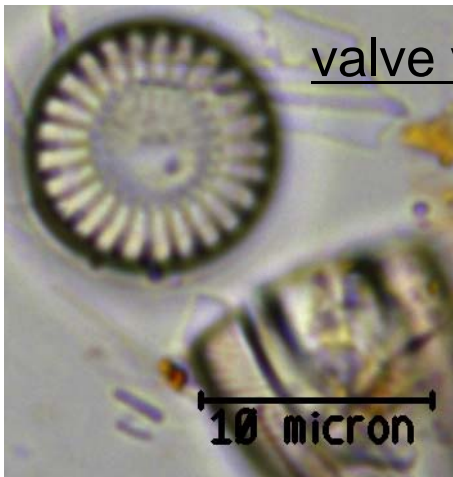
Raphe curves down
(compare with *Cymbella*)

craticula.ncl.ac.uk/.../images/raphe_lateral.jpg

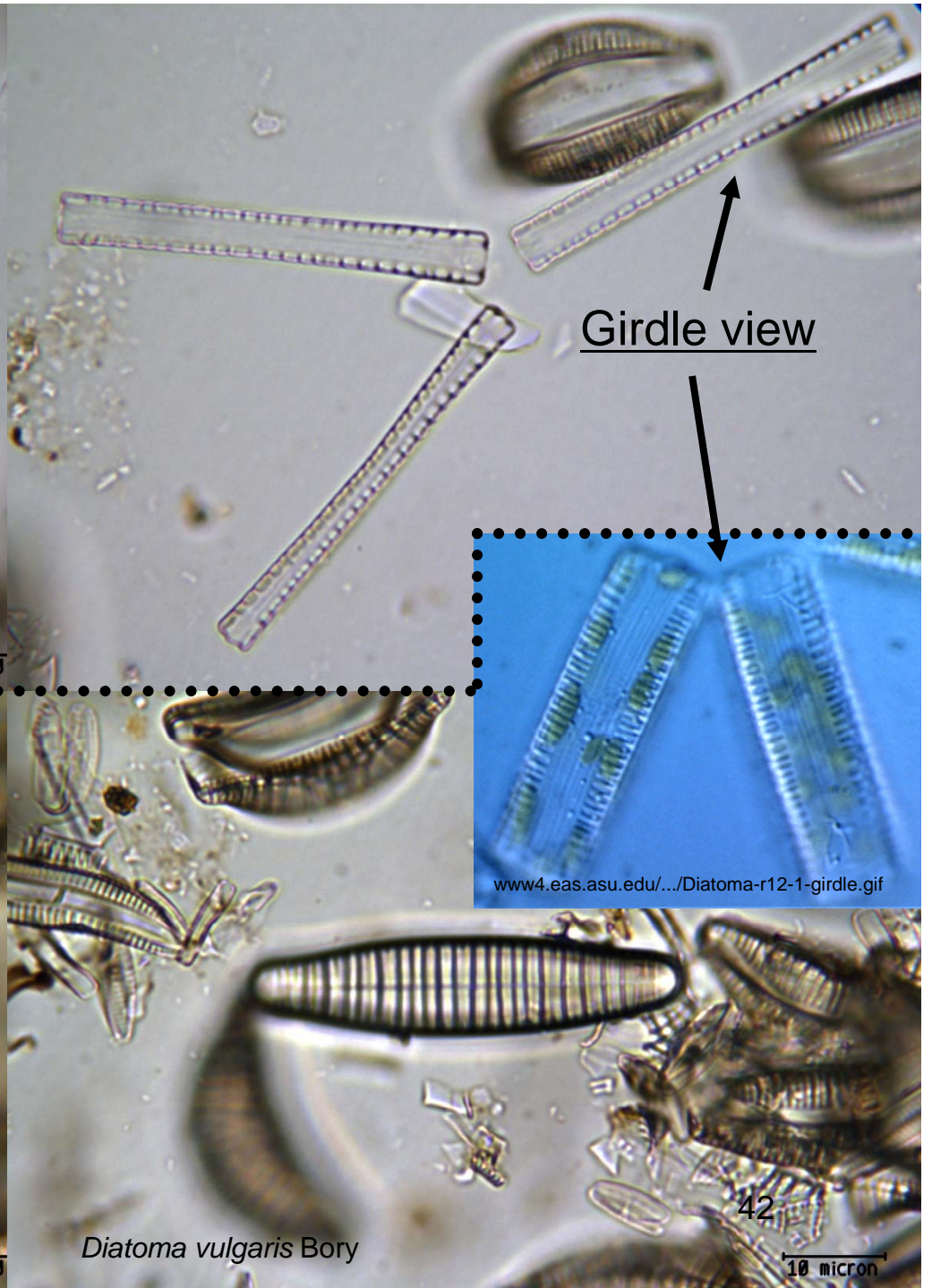
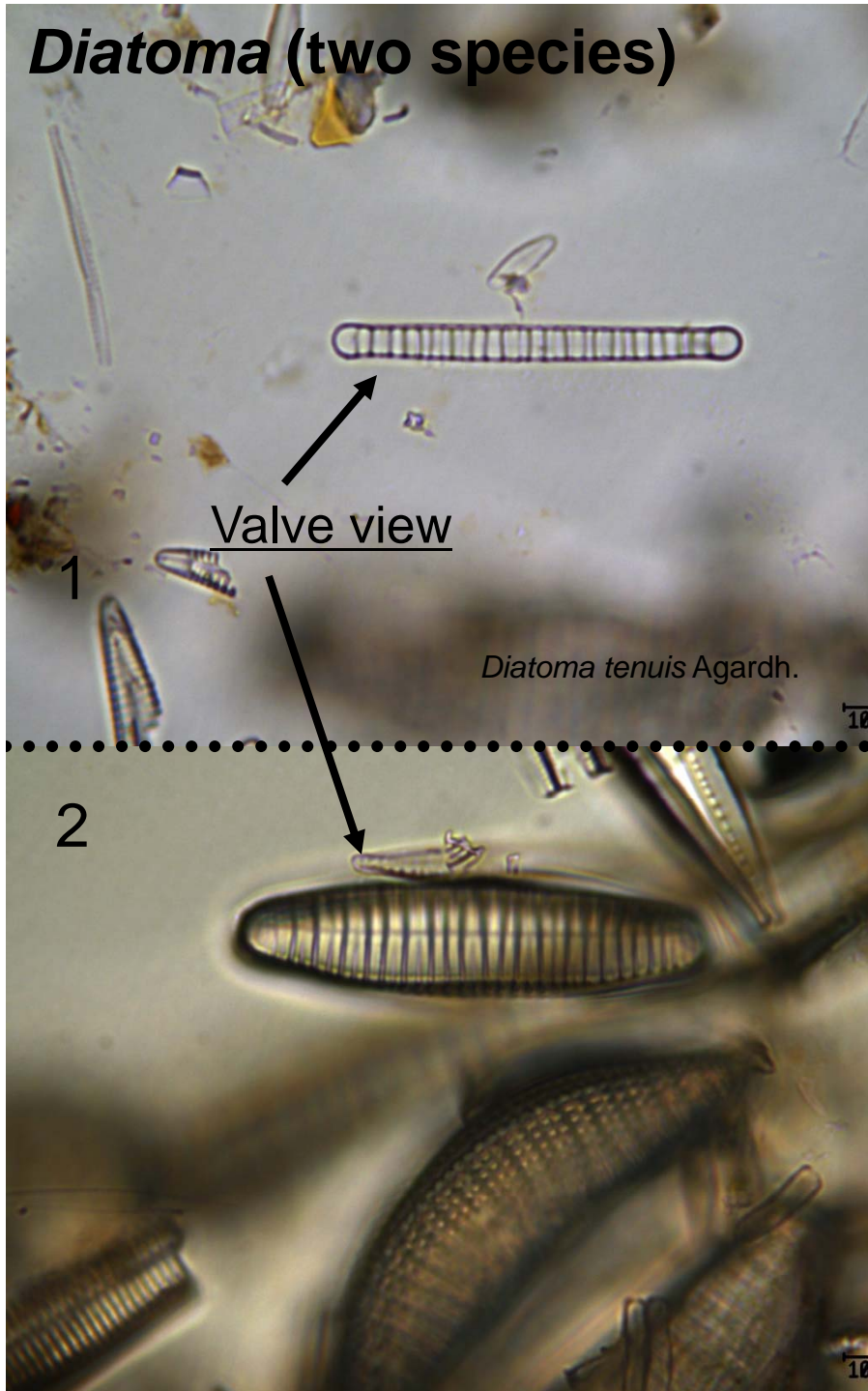
Centric diatoms



Cyclotella

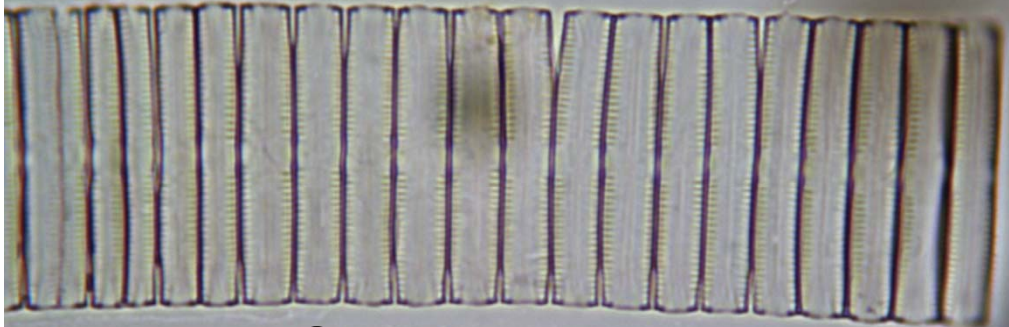


Diatoma (two species)



Fragilaria sp 1

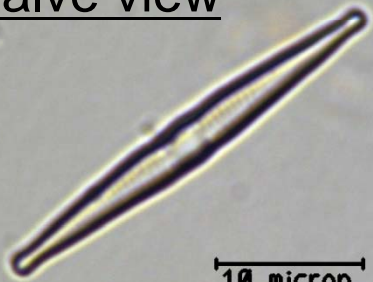
(most common)



Girdle view – many cells

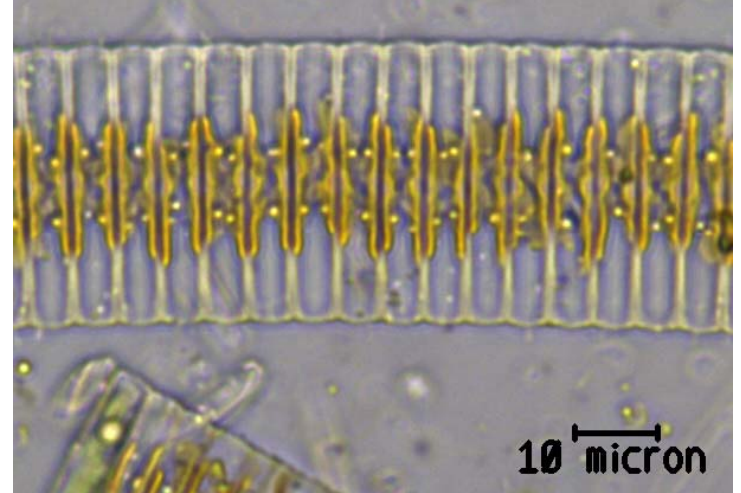
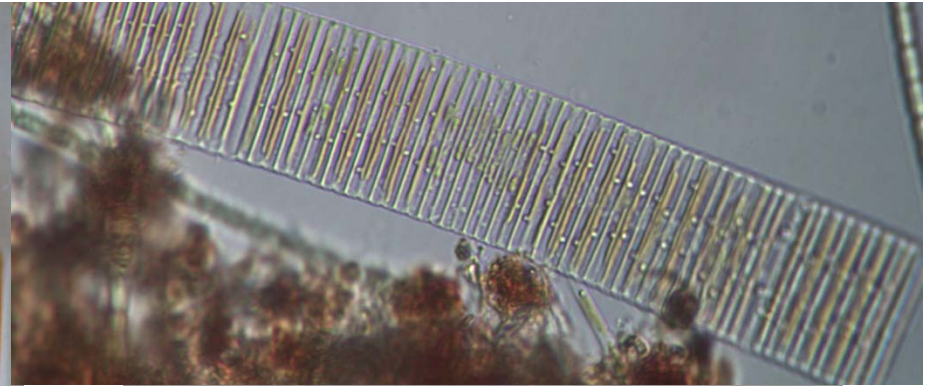


Valve view



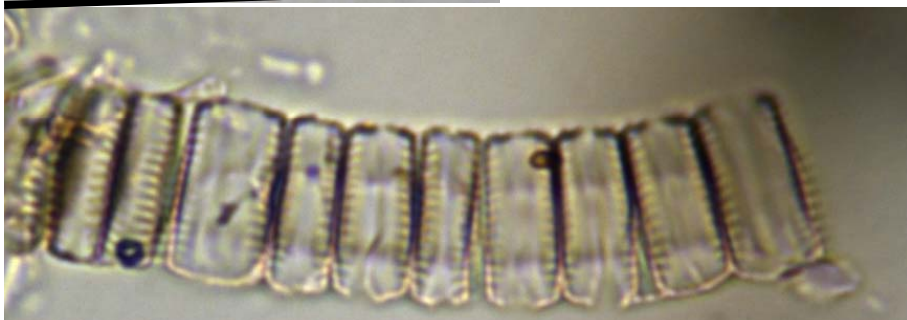
10 micron

10 micron



10 micron

Other *Fragilaria* sp



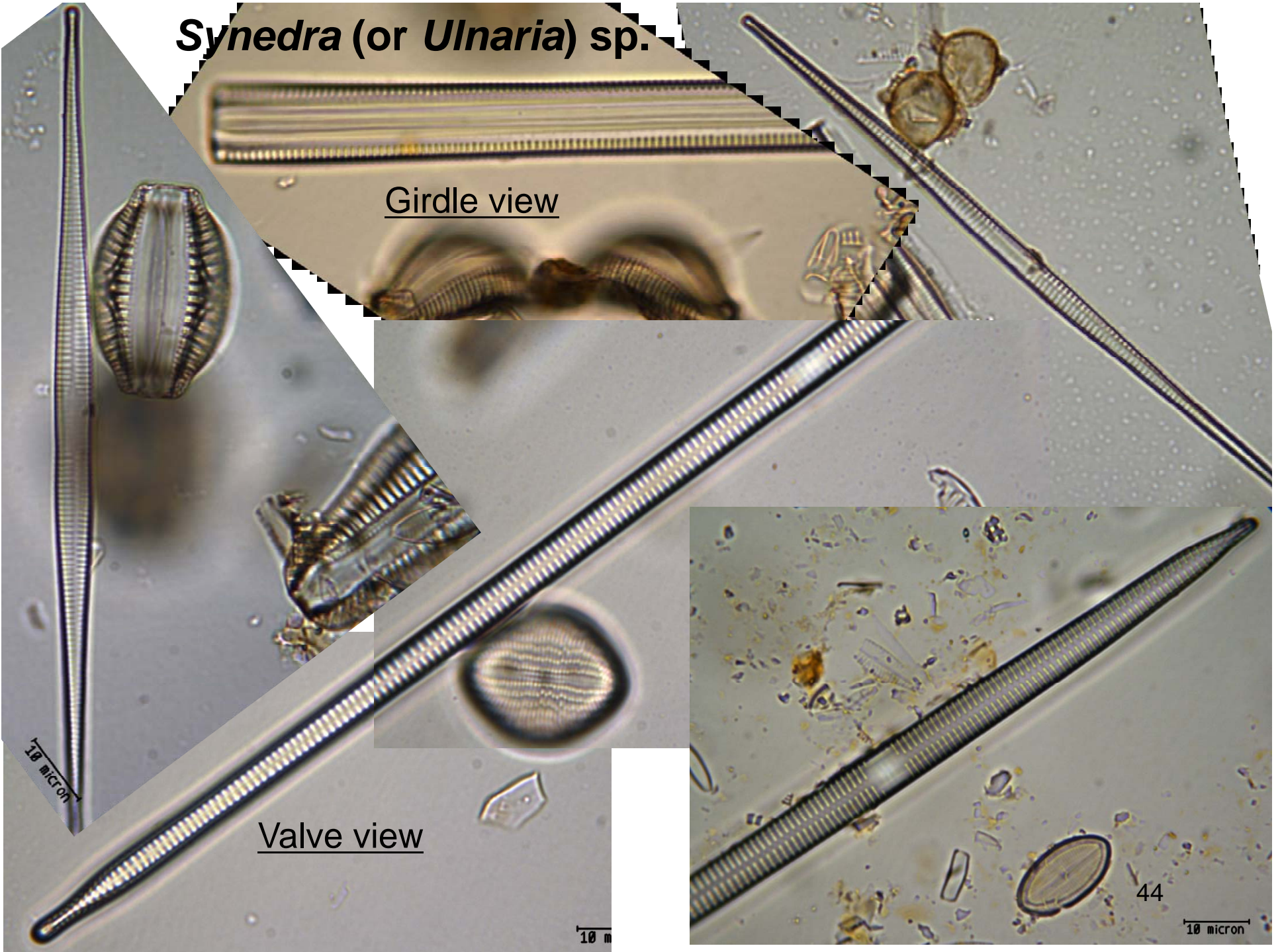
10 micron

43
10 micron

***Synedra* (or *Ulnaria*) sp.**

Girdle view

Valve view

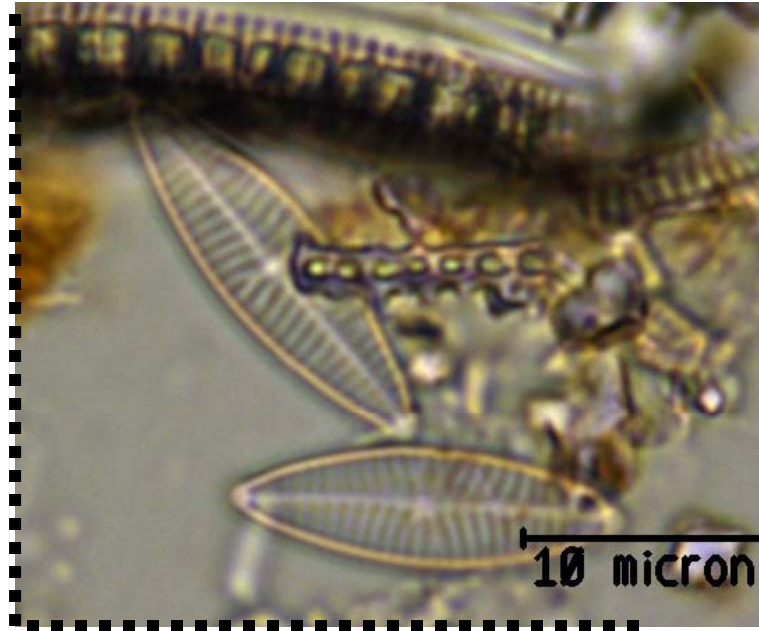


Navicula spp

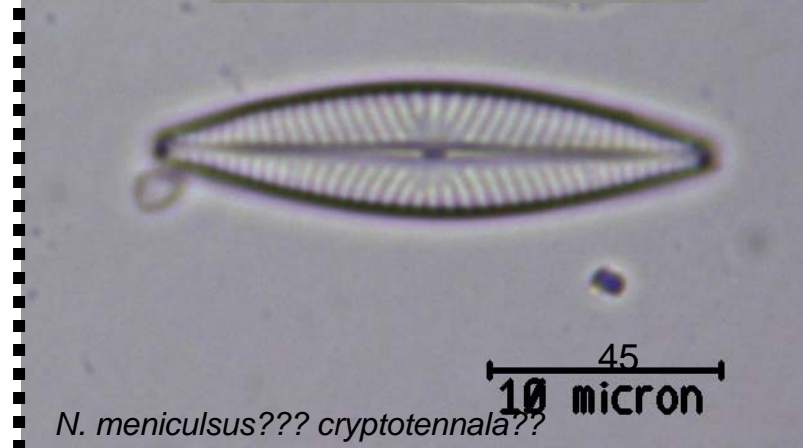


Sp 1

(larger and more heavily silicified relative to Sp 2 which is faint)



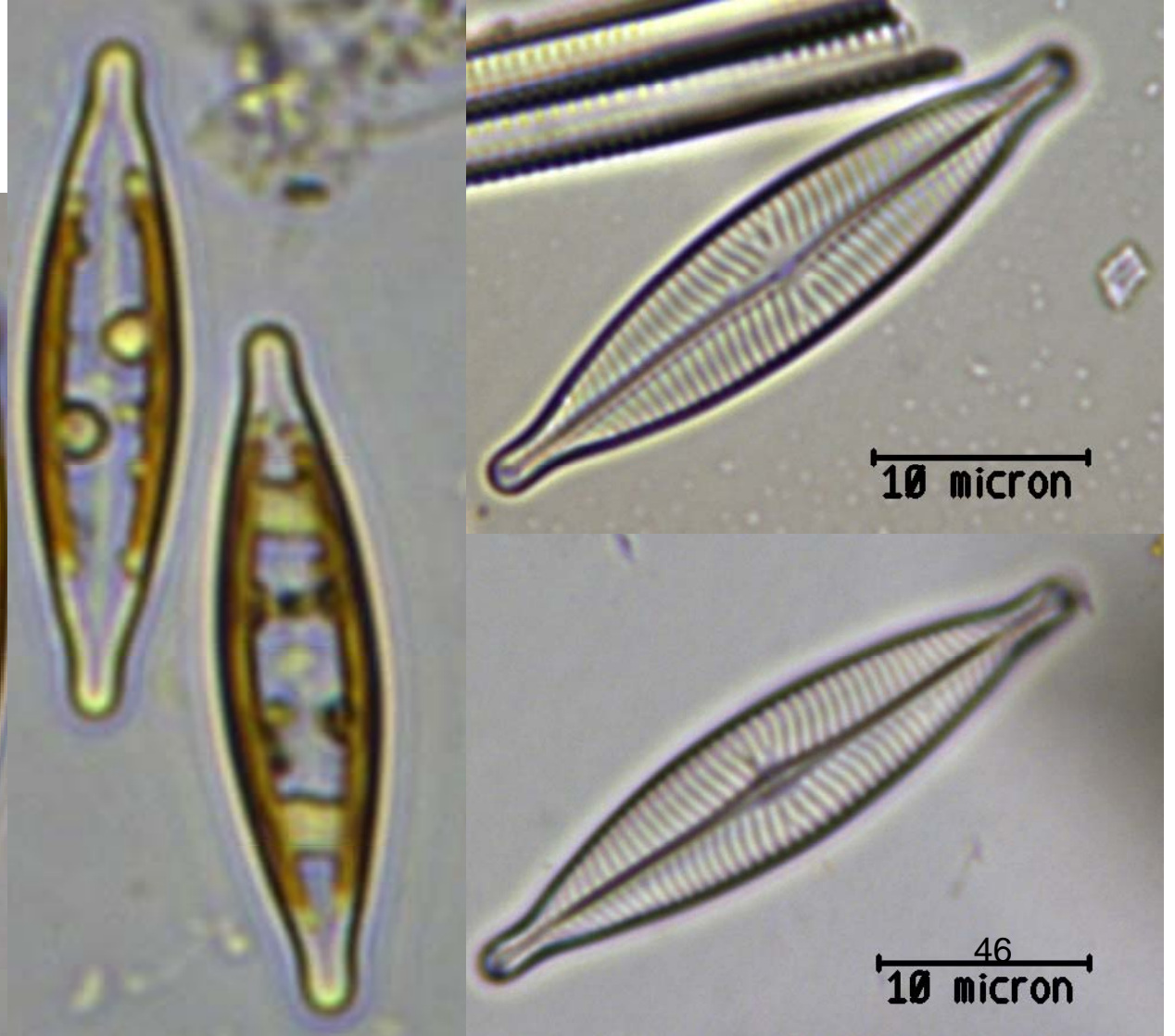
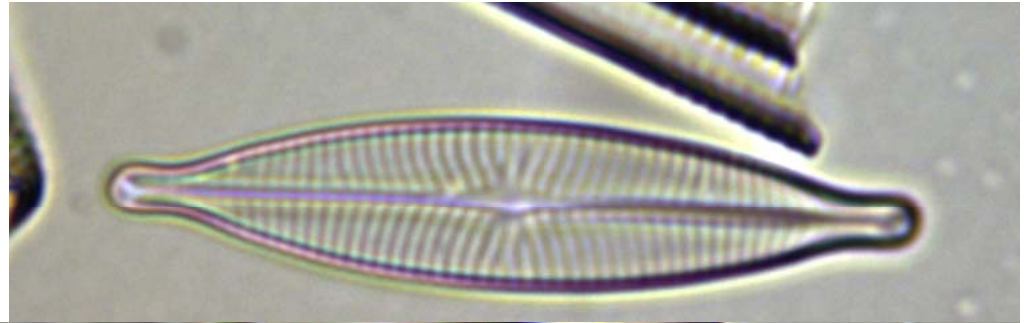
Sp2



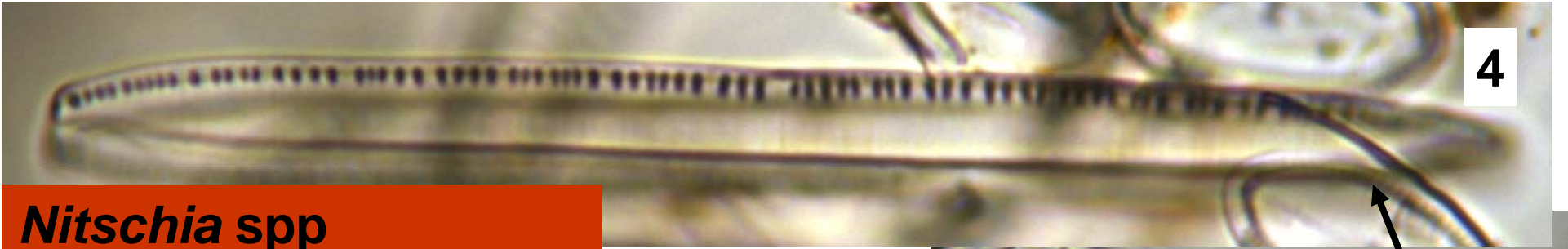
N. meniculus??? cryptotennala??

***Navicula* sp. 3**

Note pinched ends

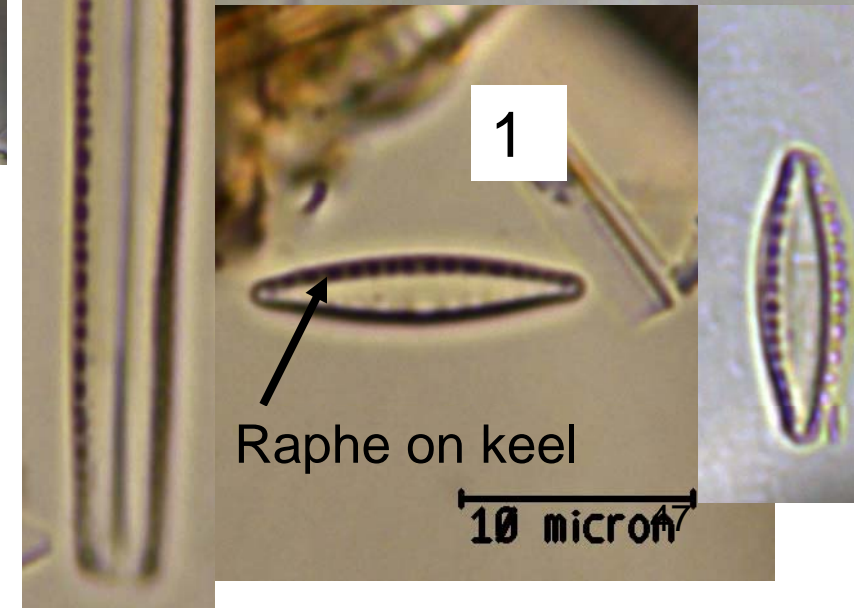
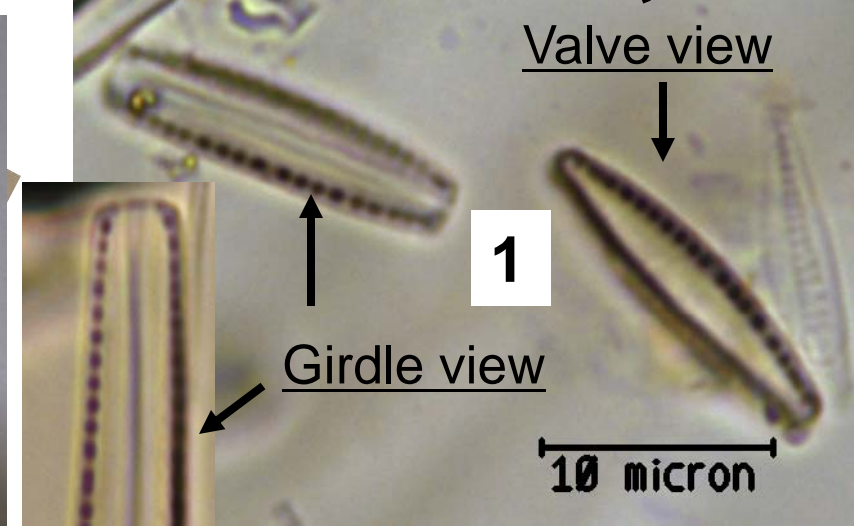
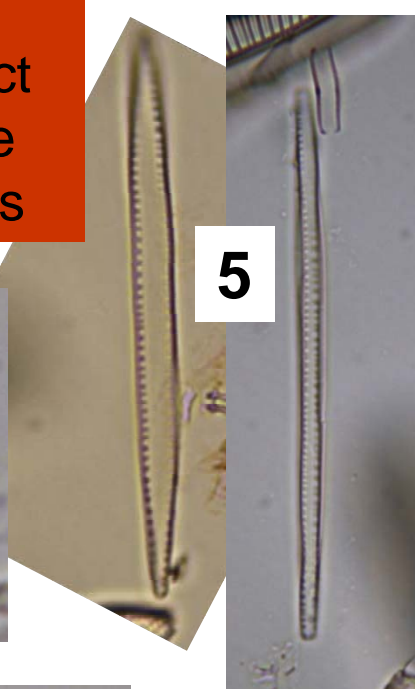
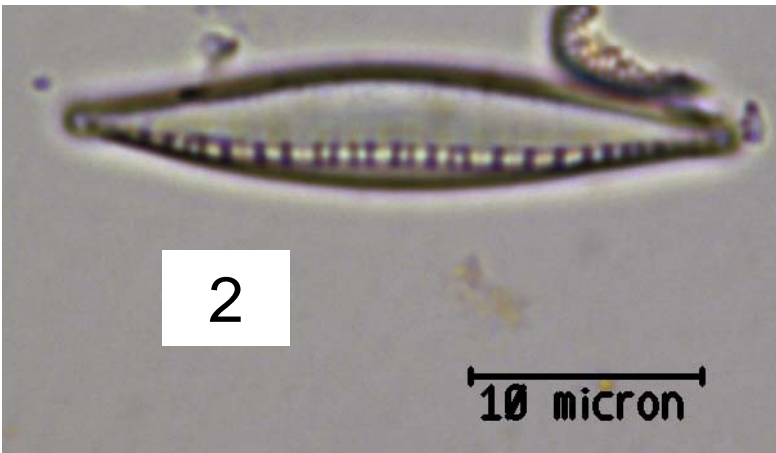


Navicula capitoradiata???

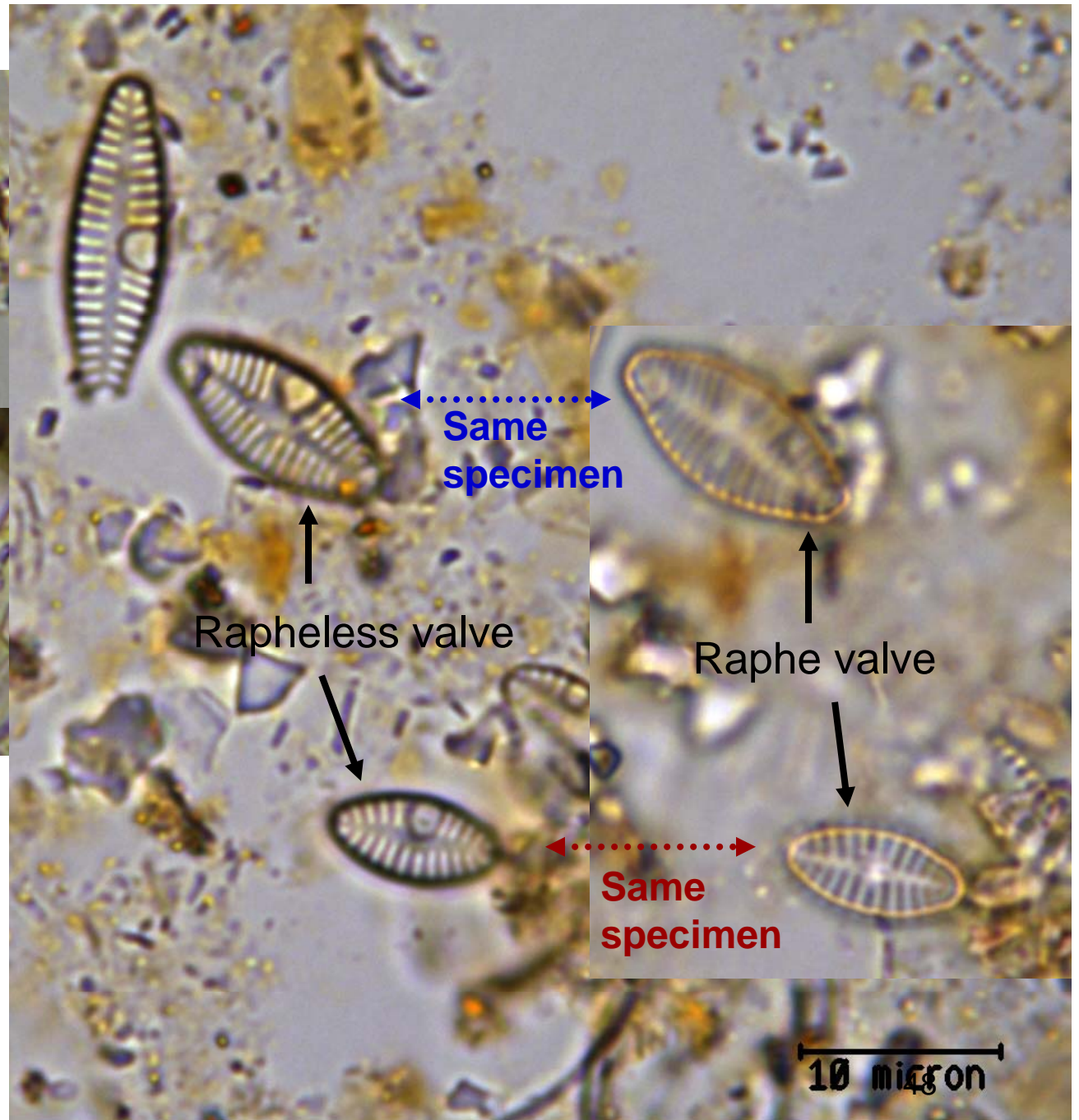
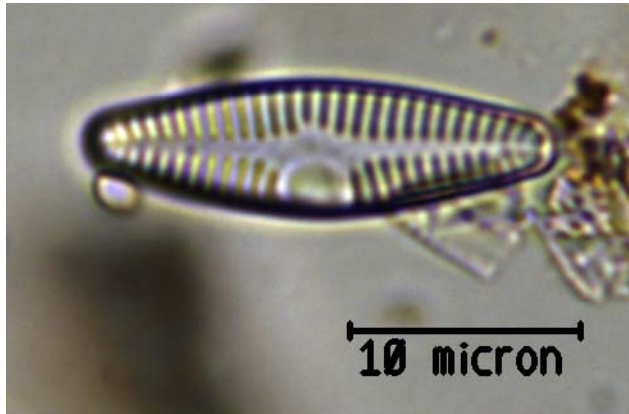


Nitzschia spp

- Be sure to optically dissect the diatom to see the raphe (up on a keel) on both sides



Planothidium



Miscellaneous
diatoms

